

having your households with you. (TA.) — *لَثَّ*, [aor. ٤,] inf. n. *لَثَّ*; (K;) and *لَثَّ*, inf. n. *لَثَّ*; (S, K;) and *لَثَّ*, inf. n. *لَثَّ*; (K;) It (rain) continued (S, K) for days, incessantly: (S:) and in like manner a cloud. (TA.) — *لَثَّ الشَّجَرُ*, [aor. ٤,] *لَثَّ*, [aor. ٤,] It (dew, or day-dew, *لَثَّ*) fell upon the trees. (K.) The noun is in the acc. case. (TA.) — *لَثَّ عَلَيْهِ*, [aor. ٤,] inf. n. *لَثَّ*; (AA, S, K;) and *لَثَّ*, inf. n. *لَثَّ*; (AA, S, K;) and *لَثَّ*, inf. n. *لَثَّ*; (K;) He importuned him; was urgent with him. (AA, S, K.)

4: see 1, in three places.

R. Q. 1. See 1. — *لَثَّ*, inf. n. *لَثَّ*, He, or it, was weak. (K.) — *لَثَّ* and *لَثَّ* It (a mist, and a cloud,) went to and fro, coming again whenever it was thought to have gone. (TA.) — *لَثَّ فِي الْأَمْرِ*, (inf. n. *لَثَّ*; (K;) and *لَثَّ*, He wavered, or vacillated, (*تَرَدَّدَ*), in the affair. (A'Obeyd, S, K.) — *لَثَّ*, inf. n. *لَثَّ*, He did not make [his] speech clear, or distinct: (K:) you say *لَثَّ كَلَامُهُ* He did not make his speech clear, or distinct. (TA.) — *لَثَّ عَنْ حَاجَتِهِ*, (S,) inf. n. *لَثَّ*, (K,) He withheld him, restrained him, or debarred him, from the thing that he wanted. (S, K.) — *لَثَّ*, inf. n. *لَثَّ*, He rolled a thing over in the dust. (K.) — *لَثَّ البَعِيرُ* [signifies, accord. to the CK and a MS copy of the K, *كَدَرْتَهُ*: accord. to the TA, *لَدَرْتَهُ*: but the right reading is said in the TK to be *كَدَرْتَهُ*, meaning *I drove the camel*]. — *لَثَّ بِنَا* (or *لَثَّ بِنَا سَاعَةً*, T, art. مَث, and TA,) Grant ye to us a little rest; expl. by *لَثَّ بِنَا قَلِيلًا* and *لَثَّ بِنَا مَسِينًا* and *لَثَّ بِنَا قَلِيلًا*. (T, art. مَث.)

R. Q. 2. *لَثَّ بِالْمَكَانِ* He became withholden (*تَحَبَّسَ*) in the place, and tarried, or remained, in it. (TA.) — *لَثَّ فِي أَمْرِهِ* He was slow, or tardy, in his affair. (TA.) — See R. Q. 1. — *لَثَّ* He rolled himself over in the dust. (A'Obeyd, S, K.)

*لَثَّ* Dew; or day-dew; syn. *نَدَى*. (K.)

*لَثَّ* (so in the K, but in the L and other lexicons *لَثَّ*, TA,) and *لَثَّ* One who is slow, or tardy, (in every affair, TA,) drawing back whenever thou thinkest that he hath consented to do what thou wantest. (K.)

*لَثَّ*: see *لَثَّ*.

*لَثَّ العَرَائِي* [Clouds continuing to pour down rain]. (TA.)

لث

1. *لَثَّ*, aor. ٤, He (a dog) put his muzzle into a

vessel &c., and lapped. (K.) Omitted by J because held by him incorrect. (TA.)

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See Supplement.]

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1. *لَجَّ*, sec. pers. *لَجَّ*, aor. ٤, inf. n. *لَجَّ* and *لَجَّ* (S, K) and *لَجَّ*; (M, A;) and *لَجَّ*, sec. pers. *لَجَّ*, aor. ٤; (S, K;) He persisted, or persevered, *لَجَّ فِي أَمْرٍ* in an affair: (Msb:) or he persisted in an affair, and refused to turn from it: (M:) or he persisted obstinately in an affair, even if it became manifest that it was wrong: (the Towsheeh:) or he persevered, or continued, in opposition, in contention, litigation, or wrangling: (TA:) or he persisted in contention, litigation, or wrangling; (Msb, TA;) and so *لَجَّ*, inf. n. *لَجَّ*: (S:) or he contended, litigated, or wrangled. (K.) [Hence, *لَجَّ*, a prov.: see art. حَج.] See also, for an ex., 8 in art. عود. — See 4.

2. *لَجَّ*, (inf. n. *لَجَّ*, K,) It (a ship, S) entered the *لَجَّة* [or main sea, or the fathomless deep, or the great expanse of sea of which the limits could not be seen]. (S, K.) — *لَجَّوا* [perhaps a mistake for *أَلَجَّوا*] They entered the *لَجَّة* [or main sea, &c.]. (A, TA.) — *لَجَّوا* and *لَجَّوا* They embarked upon the *لَجَّة* [or main sea, &c.]. (TA.)

3: see 1. — *لَجَّتِ الْأَنْسُ فِي الْخُصُومَاتِ* (S, art. مرس,) or *لَجَّتِ* (M, same art.) [The tongues persisted in wranglings, quarrellings, or contentions]. — And *لَجَّ فُلَانًا* [He wrangled, quarrelled, or contended, with such a one]. (AHeyth, K in art. غرو.)

4. *لَجَّ* He continued him, or made him to persevere, or persist, in a thing: accord. to Lh.: for he explains *يَمْدُمُ* in the Kur, ii., 14, by *يَلْجُمُ*: but ISd doubts whether he had heard this from the Arabs: and adds, that he, himself, had not heard *الْجَجَّةُ*. (L.) — *لَجَّ الْقَوْمُ* The people cried out; raised a cry. (TA.) — Also, and *لَجَّ*, The people uttered confused cries. (TA.) — *لَجَّتِ الْإِبِلُ* The camels uttered cries: (K:) and in like manner *الْغَنَمُ*, the sheep or goats. (TA.) — See 2.

5. *لَجَّ* It (a thing) fluctuated in his bosom, or came and went repeatedly. (Msb.)

6: see 3. — *لَجَّ* The wrangling, quarrelling, or contending, one with another. (KL.) You say, *لَجَّ* [They wrangled, &c., each with the other.] (M in art. شق.)

8. *لَجَّ* The waves became great and confused. (TA.) — *لَجَّ الْبَحْرُ*, inf. n. *لَجَّ*, (S,) The sea became tumultuous, its waves dashing together: (TA:) the main part, or fathomless deep, of the sea became vast, and very tumultuous. (A.) — *لَجَّتِ الْأَصْوَاتُ* The voices, or sounds, were confused: (S, K:) or, rose high, and were confused. (L.) — *لَجَّ الظُّلَامُ* The darkness became intricate and confused. (TA.) — *لَجَّ* + *الأمر* The affair became great and confused. (TA.) — *لَجَّ الدِّيَامِيمُ*, in a verse of Dhur-Ruinmeh, † *لَجَّ* [or great expanses of sea of which the extremities cannot be seen]. (AHát.) — *لَجَّ* *إِنَّهُ لَسَدِيدٌ أَلَجَّ الْعَيْنِ* Verily he has an intensely black eye. (L.)

R. Q. 1. *لَجَّ* inf. n. *لَجَّ*, He spoke with an indistinct utterance: he spoke with a heavy tongue, and was defective in speech, not uttering one part of what he said immediately after another; he hesitated in speech, by reason of a natural defect: (Lth:) or he reiterated, or stammered, or stuttered, (*تَرَدَّدَ*) in his speech; as also *لَجَّ* *فِي فَمِهِ*. (S, K.) — *لَجَّ* He moved the morsel of meat backwards and forwards in his mouth, to chew it. (S.)

R. Q. 2: see R. Q. 1.

*لَجَّ* The side of a valley. (K.) — The side, or shore, of a sea. (L.) [See also *لَجَّة*.] — *لَجَّ* A rugged part of a mountain. (K.) — † *لَجَّ*: (S, K:) app. from *لَجَّ* with reference to the sea, because of its terribleness: (Aṣ:) thought by ISd to occur only in one instance, in a trad.: said to be of the dial. of Teiyi; or of Hudheyli, and of some of the people of El-Yemen. (TA.) — Also *لَجَّة*, † *لَجَّة*, † *لَجَّة*, † *لَجَّة*: (K.) — And † *لَجَّة*. (K.)

*لَجَّة* Voices, cries, clamour, confused noise, or a mixture of voices, (S, K,) of men, (S,) and sometimes of camels. (TA.)

*لَجَّة* and *لَجَّ* The main body of water, (S, K,) or of the sea: [the deep:] or the depth, or deep, of the sea, of which the bottom cannot be reached; the fathomless deep: (L:) also, *لَجَّة* (TA) and *لَجَّ* (L) a great expanse of water, or sea, of which the extremities cannot be seen: (L, TA:) pl. *لَجَّ* and *لَجَّ* and *لَجَّ*; the last pl. of *لَجَّة*. (TA.) — *لَجَّ* *فُلَانٌ لَجَّةً وَاسِعَةً* [Such a one is a wide fathomless deep]: a phrase by which one is likened to a sea, in amplitude. (TA.) — *كَانَ*