pieces, (L,) cut, or clipped, from the extremities of gold: and pieces cut or clipped from silver are called جُذَاذَاتُ: or the sing. signifies what is cut, or clipped, from anything. (M, L.)

An arrow without feathers upon it; (T, Ş, M, A, L, K;) like as أَنُونَ , applied to an arrow signifies "having no notch:" (L:) or of which the feathers have fallen off: (L:) or just pared, before it is feathered: (Lh, M, L:) also, a feathered arrow: or (in the K, and) that is evenly pared, without any deviation from a straight shape: (M, L, K: \*) pl. قُدُّ: and pl. of . (أَحُشَنُ Ş, L. [See an ex. voce) . قَذَاذٌ , ثُلَّةً He has not anything : (M, L, K:) or he has not either property or people. مَا أُصَبِتُ ــ (Lh, M, L, K.) A proverb. (TA.) -I gained not from him any منهُ أُقَدُّ وَلَا مَرِيشاً thing: (M, L:) or I obtained not from him good, either little or much. (Meyd, TA.) Ibn-Háni relates this saying, on the authority of من with أَفَدٌ Aboo-Malik, differently, saying in the sense of فَدُّ (L.) فَرُدُ in the sense of مَا تَرَكُتُ لَهُ أُقَدَّ In another proverb it is said, مَا تَرَكُتُ لَهُ أُقَدَّ [I left not to him anything]. (A.)

The part between the two ears, behind: (M, L, K:) oue says, إِنَّهُ لَلَثِيمُ الْمُقَدِّينِ Verily he is vile in the part between the two ears, behind, and حَسَنُ المِقدِّين, goodly in that part; though a man has but one مَقَدّ : also, the base of the ear : (M, L:) and the place where the hair of the head ends, between the two ears, behind: (S:) the part of the back of the head where the growth of the hair ends: (M, L, K:) or the part of the back of the head where the hair is cut with the shears: (M, L:) and the part where the hair ends, behind and before: (L:) or the place where the head is set upon the neck: its proper signification is a place of cutting: and therefore it may mean the place where the hair ends, at the back of the neck: or the place where the head ends which is the place where it is set upon the neck. (A.)

مُفَرَافٌ A blade for cutting or clipping; syn. مِفْرَافٌ ; (\$;) an instrument for cutting the extremities of feathers, (M, A, L, K, ) such as a knife and the like; as also مُفَدُّةُ : (M, L:) a knife. (K.)

and مُقَدُّودٌ, Trimmed, or decorated; (M, K;) applied to a man. (M.) See مُقَدُّودٌ (L), A [Hence,] مُقَدُّدٌ (M, K) and مُقَدُّدٌ (L), A man (M, L) having his hair clipped (M, L, K) round the part where its growth terminates, before and behind: (M, L:) and مُقَدُّدُ (K, L,) and مُقَدُّدُ (L,) A man having his hair trimmed. (Ş, L.) مُقَدُّدُ Anything made even, and fine, or delicate, or elegant. (K.) [Hence,] A man having a clean garment, one part of it resembling another, every part of it goodly. (L.)

And A man of light form, or figure; (Yuakoob, S, M, L, K;) as also مُزَلَّمُ : and in like manner مُقَدَّرُةُ . (Yaakoob, S, M, L.)

## قذر

. قَذُرُ aor. -; (Lth, Mgh, Meb, K;) and قَذُرُ aor. غُرُ (K;) inf. n. قُذُرُ (Lth, Mgh, K;) and ثُدُر (K;) inf. n. (Mạb;) and ; قُذَرُ Ş, Mgh, Mạb, K,) of , قَذَرُ زُور (Lth;) It (a thing, قَذُر S, Mgh, K,) of) , قَذَارَةُ Mgh, Msh) was, or became, unclean, dirty, or filthy. (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb.) = قَدْرَهُ إِنْ (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb, K,) aor. عَذَرُه and قَذَرُه aor. عَ بَعْرُه (K,) aor. عَبْرُه إلى الله إلى الله إلى الله إلى الله إلى الله inf. n. [of the former] قَنَرُ, and [of the latter] (Ş, Mgh, استقدرهُ اللهِ (K;) and ; تقدّرهُ اللهِ (K;) ; قَذُرُّ Mab, K;) [and إِقَادُورَةُ ; (see قَادُورَةُ ) He held it to be unclean, dirty, or filthy: \ he disliked it, or hated it, for its uncleanness, dirtiness, or filthiness: (Msb:) or the disliked it, or hated it: (S:) or the shunned it, or avoided it, through and استقدرهُ ♦ and قَدْرَهُ (: Mgh استقدرهُ ♦ and are syn. [in this last, or a similar, تقدّر ♦ منهُ sense]: (Lth:) and قَذَرَه , aor. ع, signifies \$ he disliked it, or hated it, and shunned it, or avoided it : (TA:) and تَقَدَّرَتُ \$ she (a woman) shunned, avoided, or removed herself far from, unclean things, or foul actions; preserved herself therefrom. (Ş.) It is said in a trad., قَدْرْتُ لَكُمْ [I dislike, for you, what goes round] جَوَّالُ القُرَى about the towns, or villages], meaning, I dislike, for you, oxen and cows that eat filth; therefore do not ye eat them. (Mgh.) And El-Ajjáj says

## وَقَذَرِي مَا لَيْسَ بِهَقْذُورِ

t [And my disliking what was not disliked], meaning, that he had come to dislike (وَقُدُرُ) the food which he did not dislike in his youth. (TA.)

- 2: see 1. \_\_\_[قدّر also signifies He fouled a thing.]
- 4. اقذره He found it to be unclean, dirty, or filthy. (Mab.)
- 5: see 1, in three places. = [Also تقنر He became unclean, dirty, or filthy. (So used in the L, K, art. نت.)]
  - 10: see 1, in two places.

. قَذِرُ see : قَذْرُ

: see 1. \_\_[As a simple subst., Unclean-

ness, dirt, or filth: and an unclean, a dirty, or a filthy, thing : pl. أَقْذُار also, dirt, or filth, which renders one legally impure: (Az, Msb:) قَاذُورَةٌ \* is likewise used in the sense of قَدُر: (Mab:) and [hence] both these words also signify ‡ a foul action: (TA, for this meaning of قَذُر, accord. to an explanation of its pl. ٱقْذَار; and L, Meb, for is also ex-قَادُورَةُ (: قَادُورَةُ (: قَادُورَةُ plained as signifying adultery, or fornication, (Msb, K,) and the like: (Msb:) or this latter word signifies anything that is deemed foul (يُسْتَغُمُّثُو), and that ought to be shunned, or avoided: (Mgh:) an offence for which a punishment such as is termed is inflicted; such as adultery, or fornication, and drinking [wine or the like]: (IAth:) or foul action, and evil speech. (Khálid Ibn-Jembeh.) You say 🍒 , الرُّقُذَارِ Mṣb,) and ) , القَاذُورَاتِ † and , يَتَنَزَّهُ عَنِ القَذَر (S,) [He shuns, avoids, or removes himself far from, that which is unclean, and unclean things, or foul conduct, and foul actions; preserves him-إِجْتَنِبُوا القَاذُورَاتِ \* ٱلَّتِي نَهَى And إِجْتَنِبُوا القَاذُورَاتِ \* ٱلَّتِي نَهَى Shun ye, or avoid ye, the foul actions, such as adultery, or fornication, and the like, which God hath forbidden. (Msb.) = See also .قَذِر

. قَذَرُ see قُذُرُ

قَدْرُ (Lth, Ş, Mgh, Msb, K,) from قَدْرُ (Lth, ) and عُدُرُ (Lth, K,) from قَدُرُ (Lth, ) und عَدُرُ and عَدُرُ (K,) [but the last has an intensive signification, as though meaning "dirt," or "filth," itself, (see عُرَّةُ إِيَّ )] A thing unclean, dirty, or filthy. (Ş, Mgh, Msb.)

A man who shuns, avoids, or removes himself far from, causes of blume; who preserves himself therefrom. (S, K, TA.) See also قَدُورُ and

. قَاذُورَةً see : قَاذُورً

أَذُرُورَةُ : see قَذُورِةُ throughout. = + A man foul in language; (Mgh;) evil in disposition: (Mgh, K:) one who cares not what he does or says. (TA.) = + A very jealous mun; syn. غَيْسُورُ (Lth, K.) = + A man who does not mix with