

(حَلْقٌ, or حَلْقٌ, as in different copies of the K.,) which an armed man, (K.,) or a man, accord. to some lexicons, (TA,) wears in the manner of a  
غَفَارَةٌ مِغْنَرٌ فِتَاعٌ (يَمْتَعِنُ بِهَا) ; as also غَفَارَةٌ مِغْنَرٌ فِتَاعٌ (K.) accord. to ISh, the مِغْنَر is a piece of mail which a man puts beneath the helmet, hanging down upon the neck : and sometimes, he says, it is like the قَلْنَسُوَة, except that it is more ample ; a man throws it upon his head, and it reaches to the coat of mail ; then the helmet is put on over it ; and this مِغْنَر hangs down upon the shoulders : sometimes, also, the مِغْنَر is [a covering for the head] made of دِبَاج [i. e. silk brocade], and of [the cloth called] حَزْ [q. v.], beneath the helmet : accord. to "the Book of the Coat of Mail and the Helmet," by AO, مِغْنَر and غَفَارَةٌ مِغْنَرٌ are names applied to a portion of mail [forming a head-covering], which is also called تَسْبِعَةٌ [q. v.] ; and sometimes the rings are exposed to view ; and sometimes they line them within, and cover them externally, with دِبَاج or حَزْ or [the kind of silk stuff called] بِزْبُونٌ ; and they stuff it with something (حَشُونَهَا بِهَا كَان) ; and sometimes they make above it a قُوْنِس [or tapering top] of silver &c. : (TA :) the term مِغْنَر is also applied to the helmet itself. (Mgh.) — See also مُغْنَرُون, in three places.

**مغفرة**: see **مغفر**, in two places.

**مُفَارِز**: see the next paragraph, in two places.

مَغْفُرٌ (Ks, T, S, K, &c.) and مَغْفُرٌ (AA, T, S, K, &c.) and مَغْفِرٌ (K) i. q. س, K) and مَغْفِرٌ (K) i. q. مَغْفِرٌ (K) [A kind of manna ;] a produce of the [species of tree, or shrub, called] رُمْث, and sometimes of the شَجَرَةِ عَرْفَطٍ and the شَجَرَةِ ثَمَارٍ and the شَجَرَةِ سَلْسَلٍ and the شَجَرَةِ طَلْحٍ &c.; (S;) the gum of the شَجَرَةِ رُمْث and the شَجَرَةِ عَرْفَطٍ; (T;) the gum that is found upon the شَجَرَةِ رُمْث, which is sweet, and is eaten; (AA;) a thing that flows, or exudes, from the ends of the twigs of the شَجَرَةِ رُمْث, resembling دَبْسٍ in its colour; (ISh, in explanation of the pl. مَغَافِيرٌ;) a gum that flows, or exudes, from the شَجَرَةِ عَرْفَطٍ, not of pleasant odour; (IAth;) a gum resembling [the kind of sweetmeat called] نَاطِفٌ, exuded by the شَجَرَةِ عَرْفَطٍ, which is put into a piece of cloth, then sprinkled with water, and drunk: accord. to Lth, مَغْفَرٌ is applied to the gum of the شَجَرَةِ إِجَاصَةٍ: and some say that مَغْفُرٌ is applied to gum of a round shape; صَعْرُورٌ to that which is in shape like a finger; ذُوبٌ to that which flows upon the ground: and مَغْفَرٌ is also applied to a twig of a gum-tree, from which [for بِ (with which), in the TA, I read مِنْهُ,] is wiped a white fluid, whereof is made a sweet beverage: (TA :) pl. [of مَغْفُرٌ] and مَغْفَارٌ (TA :), and مَغْفِرٌ (T, S, K,) and [of مَغْفُرٌ] and مَغَافِيرٌ (K:) it is also said that مَغَافِيرٌ [مَغَافِيرٌ] is applied to a kind of sweet honey, like رُبَّ, except that it is white. (TA.) [Hence the saying.]

**هَذَا الْجَمْعُ لَا أَنْ يَكُنْ الْمُغْفِرُ** [This is gathering, not the scraping off] : a prov. alluding to the preference of a thing; said to him who obtains much good. (K.) [See also Freytag's Arab. Prov., ii. 874.]

**مُغْنِيَّر**: see the next preceding paragraph.  
**أَرْض مَغْنُورَة** *Land containing [trees producing]*  
**مُغَافِير** (IDrd, K.) [See **مَغْنُور**.]

خاص

3. **مُغَافِصَةٌ**, (**مُغَافِصَةٌ**, **مُغَافِصَةٌ**, **مُغَافِصَةٌ**) inf. n. and **مُغَافِصَةٌ**, (**مُغَافِصَةٌ**, **مُغَافِصَةٌ**) *He came upon him suddenly, or unexpectedly; (**مُغَافِصَةٌ**, **مُغَافِصَةٌ**) he took him at un-awares, (**مُغَافِصَةٌ**, **مُغَافِصَةٌ**) and did an evil action to him.* (**مُغَافِصَةٌ**. — Hence the saying, (**مُغَافِصَةٌ**, **مُغَافِصَةٌ**) *I took it* (a thing, **مُغَافِصَةٌ**) *striving to overcome.* (**مُغَافِصَةٌ**, **مُغَافِصَةٌ**)

**غَافِصٌ** *A sudden, or an unexpected, calamity, of time, or fortune: (Sgh, \* K, \* TK:) pl. غَوَافِصُ.* (A.) [وَقَالَ اللَّهُ غَوَافِصُ الدَّهْرِ] *May God preserve thee from the sudden, or unexpected, calamities of time, or fortune].* (A.)

غسل

1. **عَفَلَ عَنْهُ**, (**S, O, Mṣb, K.**) aor. :-, (**S, O, Mṣb,**) inf. n. **عَفَوْلُ** (**S, O, Mṣb, K.**) and **عَفْلَةً**, (**S, O, Mṣb,**) or the latter is a simple subst., (**K.**) or it is a simple subst. as well as an inf. n., and so may be **عَفْلَانْ**, said in the **K** to be a simple subst.; and MF says that **عَفَلَ**, aor. :-, of which **عَفَلَ**, mentioned in the **K** as a subst. syn. with **طَفَلَةً**, may be the inf. n., has been mentioned by some as a dial. var. of **عَفَلَ**, but had not been found by him in any of the lexicological works notwithstanding much research, so that its correctness requires consideration; (**TA**;) *He was, or became, unmindful, forgetful, neglectful, or heedless, of it, or inadvertent to it;* (**Mṣb**;) namely, a thing: (**S, O, Mṣb**:) or *he neglected it;* and *was, or became, unmindful, forgetful, neglectful, or heedless, of it, or inadvertent to it:* (**K**:) and sometimes it is used as meaning *he neglected it [intentionally], leaving it, and turning away*: (**Mṣb**:) and **أَغْلَلَهُ** signifies the same as **عَفَلَ عَنْهُ**: or **صَارَ غَافِلًا** **عَفَلَ عَنْهُ** [i.e. *he became unmindful, forgetful, neglectful, heedless, or inadvertent*]: and **وَصَلَ** and **أَغْلَلَهُ** signify **عَفَلَ عَنْهُ** [which is app. said merely for the purpose of showing that the former verb is made trans. only by means of **عَنْ**, and the latter is trans. without any prep.]; for **وَصَلَ الْفَعْلُ إِلَيْيَهُ** and **أَوْصَلَهُ إِلَيْهِ** and **مَفْعُولُهُ** which latter phrase is the

more usual, mean "he made the verb transitive"] : (K:) or اغْلَهَ signifies *he neglected it* (i. e. a thing) *though remembering it.* ('Eyn, Sb, S, O, Msb.) It is said in a trad., i. e. *He who pursues the object of the chase has his mind busied and possessed by it so that he becomes unmindful [&c. of other things].* (T.A.)

2. غَلَلَ, inf. n. تَغْفِيلٌ, *He made him to become unmindful, forgetful, neglectful, heedless, or inadvertent.* (Mṣb.) — See also 4. — التَّغْفِيلُ signifies [also] *The sufficing one's companion [in respect of an affair] when he who is the object thereof is unmindful, unoccupied [in mind, or actually,] by anything.* (ISk, K, TA.) [You say, غَفل صَاحِبَهُ meaning *He sufficed his companion in respect of an affair when he (the latter) was unmindful, &c.*] — And غَدَلَ, (Mgh, O, K, but in my copy of the Mgh written without tesh-deed,) inf. n. as above, (O, K,) *He concealed it,* (Mgh, O, K,) namely, a thing. (Mgh, O.)

8. **غافل** [app. *He acted with him in the manner of him who is unmindful, forgetful, neglectful, heedless, or inadvertent*]. (TA voce ساهه, q. v., in art. **ساهه**.)

4. اغفلهُ: see 1, in three places. — [Hence,] one says, مَا أَغْفَلَهُ عَنْكَ شَيْئًا [app. lit. signifying *How unmindful of thee is he as to anything!* and therefore virtually] meaning *dismiss doubt* [*from thee respecting him as to anything*]. (TA). [See further explanations of it voce شَيْئًا.] — And اغْفَلَهُ عَنْهُ He made him to be unmindful, forgetful, neglectful, or heedless, of it, or inadvertent to it; (S., O, TA;) namely, a thing. (S.) [Or] اغْفَلَهُ signifies *He*, or *it*, smote him, or lighted on him, *he* (the latter) being غَافِلٌ [i. e. unmindful, &c.]: or *he made him to be غَافِلٌ*: or *he called him, or named him, غَافِلٌ*: and in like manner اغْفَلَهُ, inf. n. تَغْفِيلٌ: (TA:) or تَغْفِيلٌ signifies the calling [one] unmindful, &c.: and the rendering [one] stupid, or foolish. (KL.) — And اغْفَلَهُ signifies also *He asked him [for, or respecting, a thing] in the time of his occupation, not waiting for the time of his freedom therefrom.* (TA.) — And اغْفَلَ الدَّابَّةَ He left the beast unbranded; did not brand it. (S., O.)

5. تَغْفِلُ as intrans.: see 6, in two places. —  
 تَغْفِلَةً *He watched for his unmindfulness, forgetfulness, negligence, heedlessness, or inadvertence;* (S, Mgh, O, Mṣb;) as also تَغَافِلُ عَنْهُ (S, O,) and تَغَافِلُ (TA:) [as trans.] in this sense [without a prep.] is a mistake. (Mgh.)

٨. تغافل *He feigned himself unmindful, forgetful, neglectful, heedless, or inadvertent; not being so really.* (Mṣb.) [And] *He was intentionally, or purposely, unmindful, forgetful, &c.; as also* تغفل<sup>١</sup>: (K:) or the former has this meaning: but تغفل<sup>٢</sup> signifies *he was deceived, or circumvented, in a state of unmindfulness, forgetfulness, &c.* (TA.) تغافل عنْه: see ٥. It means [also] *He was unmindful, &c., of him, or it: or he feigned himself unmindful, &c., of him, or it.* (M.A.)

10. استغله : see 5.

**غَلَبٌ** Land without cultivation : (K:) or without any way-mark : (Mṣb:) or without any way-mark and without cultivation : (S, O:) or not rained upon : (Ks, S, O:) or unknown ; in which is no known trace, or vestige : and, accord. to the