

ظ

The seventeenth letter of the alphabet: called ظَاة [and ظا]. (TA.) It is a letter peculiar to the Arabic language; and is one of the letters termed مَجْبُورَةٌ [or vocal, i. e. pronounced with the voice, not with the breath only]; and of the letters termed لَسْوِيَّة [or gingival], like ث and ذ. (TA.) As it does not exist in the language of the Nabathæans, they change it into ط. (IF, TA.) [It is substituted for the ت in the measure افْتَعَلَ and the forms inflected therefrom when immediately following ظ; as in اظْطَمَّرَ, for اظْطَمَّرَ, and اظْطَمَّرَ, for اظْطَمَّرَ:] and it is substituted for ذ; as in تَرَكْتُهُ and وَقَيْطًا and وَقَيْطًا; as is related on the authorities of ISk and Kr; and as in اَرْضُ جَنْدَا and جَنْظَا, as is mentioned in the Nawâdir el-Agrâb. (TA.) — [As a numeral, it denotes *Nine hundred.*]

ظَا

R. Q. 1. ظَاظًا, inf. n. ظَاظَاة (L, K) and ظَاظَاة, (K, TA, [in the Cك ظَاظَاة,]) the latter allowable in the case of a R. Q. verb, as in the instances of وَسَوَّاسٌ and the like, (MF, TA,) [accord. to some, but وَسَوَّاسٌ and the like are generally held to be inf. ns. if with kesr, and simple subst. if with fet-h,] He (a goat) made a [rattling] sound, or cry, when excited by lust, or at rutting-time; syn. نَبَّ. (AA, L, K.) — And ظَاظًا, (M, K,) inf. n. ظَاظَاة, (M,) He (a person whose upper lip was slit, M, K, and one whose fore teeth were broken at the roots, K, TA) spoke unintelligible speech, and with a nasal sound. (M, K.)

ظَار

1. ظَارًا عَلَى وَدَيْدِ غَيْرِهَا, (S, Mgh, K,) or ظَارًا, (M,) aor. ʿ, (M, K,) inf. n. ظَارٌ (S, M, K) and ظَارٌ, (M, K,) He made her (a camel, S, Mgh) to incline to, or to affect, a young one not her own, (S, M, Mgh, K,) and to suckle it; (M, K;) as also ظَارَهَا, and ظَارَهَا: (K;) and [it is also said that] ظَارٌ signifies the making a she-camel to incline to, or to affect, and suckle, the young one of another, by the application of a غِمَامَةٌ in her nose, (S, K, TA,) i. e. by stopping her nose, and

also her eyes, (TA,) and by the insertion of a دُرْجَةٌ [q. v.] composed of rags into her vulva, (رحم, T, TA, or حِمَاء, S), and closing its [i. e. the vulva's] edges by means of two pointed pieces of wood stuck through, and putting upon her a غِمَامَةٌ covering her head, and leaving her in this state until it distresses her, (T, TA,) and she imagines herself to be in labour; (TA;) when the دُرْجَةٌ is pulled out from her vulva (حِمَاء), and the young one of another is brought near to her, having its head and skin bedaubed with what has come forth with the دُرْجَةٌ from the lower part of the vulva; (T, TA;) then they open her nose and her eyes; (TA;) and when she sees and smells the young one, she imagines that she has brought it forth, and yields it milk: moreover, when the دُرْجَةٌ is inserted, the space between the two edges of her vulva is closed by a thong [passed round the extremities of the two pointed pieces of wood]. (T, TA.) It is said in a trad., of 'Omar, (T,) or Ibn-'Omar, (S, TA,) that he purchased a she-camel, and, seeing in her the laceration on the occasion of ظَارٌ, returned her. (T, S, TA.) — [Hence,] ظَارَةٌ عَلَى أَمْرٍ كَذَا, and ظَارَةٌ, and ظَارَةٌ, † He made him to incline to such a thing: (Lth, T, TA:) and ظَارَنِي عَلَى الْأَمْرِ, (so in the Cك,) or ظَارَنِي, (M, TA, and so in some copies of the K,) inf. n. مَظَارَةٌ, (TA,) he endeavoured to turn me, or to entice me, to do the thing; (M, K, TA;) it not being in my mind: (TA:) or he compelled me to do the thing, against my will; (K, TA;) I having refused to do it. (TA.) It is said in a prov., الطَّعْنُ يَظَارٌ, meaning, Thrusting, or piercing, with the spear inclines [one's enemies] to peace: (As, T, A, K:) J says يَظَارُهُ, as also IKt, which F disapproves; but others approve it: or the reading of the S is يَظَارُهُ. (TA.) The Arabs also said, الطَّعْنُ ظَارٌ قَوْمٍ (M, K) Thrusting, or piercing, with the spear is a means of inclining a people to peace; (K;) meaning, make people to fear, that they may love thee. (M, K.) It is also said, in a trad. of 'Alee, اظْطَمَّرْ إِلَى الْحَقِّ وَأَنْتُمْ تَفْرُونَ مِنْهُ, [perhaps a mistake for اظْطَمَّرْ إِلَى الْحَقِّ,] I incline you [or I endeavour to turn you] to the truth, and ye flee from it. (TA.) — ظَارَتْ, (S, K,) [of which

ظَارَةٌ, q. v., appears to be an inf. n.; or you say اظْطَمَّرَتْ عَلَى بَوٍّ and ظَارَتْ عَلَى وَدَيْدِ غَيْرِهَا; (T, M, K; in one copy of the K اظْطَمَّرَتْ;) She (a camel, T, S, M) inclined to, or affected, a young one not her own, (T, M, K,) and suckled it: (K:) or inclined to, or affected, the stuffed skin of a young camel. (S.) — [Hence,] ظَارٌ عَلَى عَدُوِّهِ † He returned against his enemy. (A, TA.) — And ظَارٌ, aor. ʿ; (Mṣb;) or ظَارٌ, inf. n. مَظَارَةٌ. (AZ, S;) He took to himself a ظَارٌ [or nurse]. (AZ, S, Mṣb.) [See also 8.]

3: see 1, in four places. — One says also, ظَارَتْ, (inf. n. مَظَارَةٌ, T, A,) She took to herself a child to suckle. (T, M, A, K.) — And بَيْنَهُمَا مَظَارَةٌ There is between them two that relation which consists in each one's being the ظَارٌ [or rather the fosterer of the child] of the other. (M, K.) — ظَارٌ occurs in a trad. for ظَارٌ. (TA.) [But in what sense is not explained.]

4: see 1, in three places.

8: see 1, near the end. — اظْطَمَّرَ لَوْلَدِهِ ظَارًا, (S,) and so in some copies of the K,) or اظْطَمَّرَ, (M, and so in some copies of the K,) the former being similar to اظْطَمَّرَ, (S,) means He took a nurse for his child. (S, M, K.)

10. استظارت She (a bitch) desired the male: (K:) mentioned by AM; but he says, "I hesitate respecting it." (TA.) [I think it is probably a mistake for استظارت, mentioned in art. طير. See also ظَوْرِي.]

ظَارٌ Anything accompanied by the like thereof: thus applied to a run (عَدُو): (As, T, TA:) in the K, and in the Tekmileh, عَدُو is erroneously put for عَدُو: (TA:) and عَدُو ظَارٌ is used by the poet El-Arkaṭ, in describing [wild] asses, as meaning a run not unsparingly performed. (T, TA.)

ظَارٌ One that inclines to, or affects, the young one of another, and suckles [or fosters] it; applied to a human being, (M, A, K,) and to a camel, (M,) or other [animal]; (A, K;) to a female and to a male: (M, A, K:) or a she-camel that inclines to, or affects, the young one of another;