ment, decoration, or embellishmext: (ISd, TA:) anyiling adorned, ornamented, decorated, or embellished: (Ham p. 784 :) and particularly applied to the decorations, and pictured norks, in gold, with which the Kaabeh was ornamented in Pagan times. (TA.) The colours of the plants or herbage, of land, (K, TA,) red and yellow and white: its ornature, consisting in blossoms and floncrs: or its perfection: so in the Kur x. 25. (TA.) And The furniture, or atensils, of a house or tent. (TA.) _Anything earnished, or embellished with a false colouring, or falsificd, is likened thereto [and so termed]. (S., TA.) [Hence,] زُغْرُق القَوْلْ The ornature of speech; (TA;) the fair appearance, or comeliness, of speech, produced by the einbellishing with lies: (K, TA:) so in the Kur vi. 112: (TA:) or it there means varnished falsehoods. (Bḍ.) _ [Its pl.] زَهَارِفُ signifies The lines, or streaks, [that are seen on the surface] of water. (S, K.) - And Ships: (T, K:) or ornamented, or decorated, ships: (M,TA:) or the ornature of ships, $u$ ith which they are decorated. ('Eyn, TA.) - Also Certain insects that fly upon the water, ( $\mathrm{T}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$, ) having four legs, resembling the common $f y ;(\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K} ;)$ small flics, having four legs, that fly upon the water: (M, TA:) the sing., ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\prime \prime} \dot{j} \mathbf{j}$, is expl. by Kr [in the Munjid] as meaning a hind of flying thing. (TA.)
-ْ"ْ Adorned, ornamented, decorated, or embellished: (S, TA :) [\&c. : see the verb.]

## ز

 Mgh, Msb, K, ${ }^{\mathbf{K}}$ He buttoned a shirt [\&c.]; (S,
 (Mgh; [and so in the present day;]) or the latter verb [relates to several objects, or means he buttoned a shirt \&c. nith many buttons; for it] has an intensive signification. (Mgb.) You say,
 upon thee thy shirt. (S.) - + He narrowed his eyes [as when one draws together the edges of a vest in buttoning it]. (K, ${ }^{(1 n}$ which, in this instance, as in others, only the inf. $n$. of the verb $j ;$ is mentioned,] and TA.) - $\ddagger H e$ collected, or drew together, vehemently, or forcibly. (A, Msb, K.*) posing a tent] He malle in them what are called
 above, (S, A, TA,) and so the inf. n., (S, K, ) $\ddagger$ He drove anay. (S, A, K, TA. [In the TA, the inf. $n$. is expl. by الطَّرْ ; الُّ the former is a mistranscription for الشَّلُ the reading in the S.]) One says, بالستَف $\ddagger$ He drives away the troops with the śrord. (S, A.) - $\ddagger$ He bit another. (S., A, K.*) $-\dagger H e$ pierced, or thrust, another, (K, TA,) with a spear. (TK.) - He plucked out hair. (K,* TA.) - He shook goods, or household furniture, or the like, to remove dust \&c. ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$ :* only the inf. $n$. is mentioned in the latter.) $==$
 geace, (K, TA,) and in probations, or experiences. (TA. [See also j; j, below, in this paragraph.])
 gleamed, or glistened. (A.) And , تَزَّ
 His eyes gleam, or glisten, in his head. (Fr, Ṣ,* A, TA.)
 or unjustly, to his adversary, or antagonist. (K.) - And He became intelligent after having been foolish, or stupid. (K. [See also a signification of $\bar{j} \dot{j}$, above.])

2: see 1, first sentence :__ and see also 4.
3. being bitten by him. (S,* A, K.*)

 buttons,] upon it, namely, a shirt [\&c.]. (A'Obeyd, $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{M s b}$.
5. أزرّار It (a shirt [\&c.]) had buttons, or, as some say, loops for buttons,] put upon it. (S, TA.)
 (a $a, \dot{j}, \dot{j}$ jor starling]) uttered a cry, or cries. (S, K.) - He (a man) kept continually, or con-

 or stationary, in the place. (K.)
 state of motion, or commotion. (K.)
 See also $\stackrel{3}{3}$ j.
g,
f'j: see what next follows.

 mentioned, but this is doubtful, (MF,) A button (IAap, A, Msb, TA) of a shirt, (IAar, S, A, Msb, K, ) and of other things, as, for instance, of a curtain : (MF, TA:) or the loop into which a button is put: (ISh:) the latter, accord. to Az, is the right meaning: (TA:) [but the former is that to which the word is generally applied :] the former is also called $;$; by a change of the first $ر$ : (IAar:) pl. [of pauc.] 'أزرْاز (S, A, Msb, K) and [of
 [He is more fast to me than my buttón to its loóp]. (A.) And يُرْ gave it to me altogether. (A.) الزّدِّ [The star $\boldsymbol{\xi}$
 (Kzw.) - ${ }^{2}$, ${ }^{2}$ also signifies $\ddagger A$ certain piece of wood at the upper extremity of the pole of a
 of the tent-pole is inserted into it : ( $\mathrm{L}:$ ) or the
 which are seved into the upper parts of the pieces of cloth which compose the tent, the lower ends of which [pieces of cloth] ars upon the ground: and

Lujj signifies "he made in them [namely the said pieces of cloth] such pieces of wood." (TA.) $\ddagger$ The socket in which the head of the upper bone of the arm turns; ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}$; ${ }^{*}$ ) resembling the half of a nut: (A:) or the head itself of that bone: (TA:) and the extremity of the hip-bone, in the socket. (K.) ـ $+A$ certain small bone, (K,) resembling the half of a nut, (TA, [but this is probably a misplaced insertion, from the $A$, ubi suprà,]) beneath the heart, of which it is the support. (K.) - $\ddagger$ The edge, (K,) or each of the troo ellges, (TA,) of a sword. (IAar, K, TA.) -
 $\ddagger$ Verily he is one rho keeps close to the camels; ( $\mathbf{A} ;$ ) a good pastor of them. (S, A, K. [Accord. to the $A$, it seems to be from 2 jignifying "a button."]) You term also camels, or the like, vehemently; accord. to some; but the preceding meaning, given in the $\mathbf{K}$, is the more correct: (TA :) or it signifies one acquainted with the right management thereof; (K, TA;)
 (K.) religion; (A bu-l-'Abbás, K ;) like the small bone called $\underset{j}{\mathrm{j}}$, which is the support of the heart: (Abu-1-'Abbás, TA:) applied, in a trad., to 'Alee: in
 whom and the earth is a mutual dependance, and without whose existence one nould repudiate the earth and mankind: or, accord. to Th, he by whom the earth becomes firm, like as a shirt does by means of its ${ }^{\circ} j$ [or button]. (TA.)

## ; Intellect, or intelligence. (O, TA.)

 some say, a bite itself. (TA.) And $A$ nound $n$ ith the edge of a sword. (TA.) $=\mathrm{J}$ says, When camels are fat, you say, $\frac{15}{0}, \underline{j}$ : but this is a mistake for (TA in art. ههز.)
;زرِير, applied to a man, (O, TA,) Light, or active ; and sharp, or acute, of mind, with quickness of perception, and of intelligence, understanding, sagacity, skill, or knowledge; as also † ; ; ; O, K
 ing light, or active, and quick; (TA;) and ${ }^{+}$ Also $A$ certain plant, $(\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$, ) having a yellon blossom, ( O, ) with which one dyes: $(\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}:)$ in this sense, a Pers., or foreign, word. (O.)

## 

 man whose eyes glisten. (TA.)
引, jéj [The starling;] a certain bird, (IDrd, Ṣ,

 narron مرك [or animal, or thing, upon which one rides or is carried; accord. to the 'ГK, meaning a beast; for it is there added that one says

