Line: see Line, last sentence. Also \$ Smooth, or sleek, bodies; (IAar, K, TA;) as though polished with the مَحُطَّة. (TA.)

A declivity, or declivous place; a place of descent, or by which one descends: (S, TA:) a hill (أَحُدُةً) that is difficult of descent: or, accord. to IDrd, a difficult أُكُمَة. (TA.) + An excellent, swift she-camel; (S, K;) as also ل (TA.) مُنْحُطُّةً ♦

An ankle-bone covered with flesh عُعْبُ حَطْيطً and fat so that it is not apparent. (TA.)

What is abated, or diminished, of a عطيطة price: (Mgh, Mab, K, TA:) pl. مُطَائطُ. (TA.) The إِ الحَطيطَةُ كَذَا وَكَذَا مِنَ الثَّمَنِ You say, الحَطيطَةُ كَذَا وَكَذَا مِنَ الثَّمَنِ portion that is abated is so much and so much مَلَبَ مِنِي حَطِيطَةُ And طَلَبَ مِنِي حَطِيطَةُ :[He sought, or demanded, of me an abatement of price]. (TA.)

see عَلَيْطَى; first sentence; and again, in the latter half of the paragraph.

A low, or cheap, price; as also (TA.) .مُحْطُوطْ♥

or two portions) مَتْنَان + Smooth in the أَحَطُّ of flesh and sinew next the back-bone, on each side]. (IAar, K.) [See also مُحطُوطُ.]

[A place where loads, &c., are put down. \_ And hence,] + A place where one alights, or مَلَّةُ ♦ alights and abides; (S, TA;) as also مَحَطَّاتُ [of either] مُحَطَّاتُ and [of the latter] (TA.) \_\_ [Hence also,] مَحَظُّ سُفُنِ [A place for unloading of ships]. (Sand K in art. فرف.) \_\_\_ [Hence also,] مُذَا مَحَطُّ الكُلَام [This is the meaning, or intent, of the saying, or sentence: used in this sense in the present day]. (TA.)

(ق, O, K) and المصطلة (K) An instrument of iron, (O, K,) or of wood, prepared (K in some copies of which, for مُعَدّلة, we find which is a mistake, TA,) for the polishing, or smoothing, of skins, (O, K,) to make them soft and beautiful; (O;) and for figuring, or decorating, them; (K;) [and for ruling them, or making lines upon them: see 1; last sentence:] or an instrument with which tattooing is performed: or an iron instrument used by sewers of boots &c., with which they figure, or decorate, the leather: (S:) or an instrument (T, A, TA) with a pointed extremity, (T, TA,) used by binders of books, (T, A, TA,) and by others. (A, TA.)

مَحُطُّة : see مُحَطَّة محطّ هوه : محطّة

[originally, Put down; applied to a load, &c. See 1. \_\_ And hence,] applied to a price: see Leather polished, or made smooth [&c.: see 1; last sentence]. (TA.)\_ A sword made thin. (TA.) أَلِيَةُ مُعْلُوطَةً ‡[A rump] without مُأْكُمُة [or protuberant buttocks]; (K, TA;) as though it were smoothed جَارِيَة with the مُصَطَّ (TA.) And جَارِيَة Bk. I.

(Ş, A, K,) i.e. fire مُعْطُوطُهُ المُتَنَيْنِ [or | (TA,) He collected بِعُطُوطُهُ المُتَنَيْنِ two portions of flesh and sinew next the backbone, on each side,] extended [or long]; as though they were smoothed with the Lie: (TA:) or having them extended [or long] and even (S, TA) and beautiful. (Az, TA.) And مُعْطُوطُهُ الكُشْحِ may mean † A woman whose flank is as though it were smoothed with the bear: but it is better explained as meaning elevated, or protuberant, in the posteriors, and depressed in the flank. (Ham p. 141.) [See also أَحُطُّ .]

A shoulder-joint (K, TA) neither high nor low, (TA,) of the most beautiful kind. (K, تَعَمُّوطُ See also حُمُوطُ.

1. أَمُى He cast, or threw; syn. رَمَى [and, like this, trans. by means of . (K.) [Hence,] مَطَأَ بِهِ الأَرْضَ, (AZ, Ṣ, Ķ,) aor. -, (Ķ,) inf. n. , (S,) He cast him, or threw him, down prostrate upon the ground: (AZ, S, K:) or, with violence: one says, احْتَهَلُهُ فَحَطَا به الأَرْضَ [He raised him upon his back, and threw him down violently upon the ground]. (Lth, TA.) And She (a woman) cast forth her child from her womb. (TA in art. زكب.) And The cooking-pot cast forth حَطَأَت القَدُّرُ بِزَبُدهَا its froth, or scum, (S, TA,) in boiling. (TA.) And حَطَا بِسُلْحِه He cast forth his excrement, or ordure. (S.) And Las [alone], aor. and -, He cast forth his excrement, or ordure, at once, (K, TA,) quietly, or gently. (TA.) And Line, (K,) or مُطَا بها, (S,) He broke wind, with a He turned حَطَأَ بِهِ عَنْ رَأَيه \_ He turned him back from the opinion, or judgment, that he had formed. (IAth, K.) \_ de He struch him, or slapped him, on the back with his open hand: (§, K:) or struch him gently on the back with the palm of his hand: (S in art. علم ) or slapped him on the back, or between the shoulders, or on the upper part of the side, or on the chest; (Khálid Ibn-Jembeh, TA;) or on the back of the head: (AZ, TA:) and he struck him, or beat him, (Sh, K,\*) with his hand; (Sh, TA;) but it is said that the meaning is, he struck him on the back of the neck: (TA:) it also occurs without .. (TA.) \_ Lalar He lay with her. (S, K.\*)

A slap on the back [&c. (see the verb)] with the open hand. (S, TA.) It also occurs without ., written مُطُون (TA.)

applied to a man, Low, ignoble, mean, or sordid. (AZ,Ṣ,Ķ.) You say also عُطِي: بَطِي اللهِ عَلَي اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ using the latter word as an imitative sequent. (S.)

مُطَيَّة, applied to a man, Ugly; or contemptible; or ugly in aspect and small in body: (Th, S, K:) or short. (S, K.)

mood; (A, K;) as also (Ṣ, A, K:) [and] so بَطُبَ السَطَبَ, (Mgh, Msb,) aor. and inf. n. as above; and احتطب (Msb.) \_\_\_ رفى حَبْلِيمْ (A,) or رُخطَبَ فِي حَبْلِهِ (K,) [lit. He collected firewood in his, or their, rope; meaning] the aided, or assisted, (A, K,) انَّكَ تَجْطِبُ Aim, (A,) or them. (K.) One says, إِنَّكَ تَجْطِبُ (Verily thou aidest إِنَّكَ مَا اللهِ عَلَم اللهِ اللهِ عَوْاهُ him, and inclinest to his desire]. (A, TA.) \_\_\_ And مَطَبُ عَلَيْه بِخَيْر (A, Mgh) ! He brought to him عَيْر, (Mgh.) meaning wealth, or property. (A.) — And فُلَانُ يَصْطِبُ عَلَى فُلَانٍ † Such a one incites, urges, or instigates, [others] against such a one. (Ḥar p. 209.) \_\_ And مُطُبُ به \$ calumniated him, or slandered him. (A, Mgh, Meb, K. [See حُطُبُه , below.]) = مُطُبُه , (Ṣ, Ķ,) aor. = , (TA,) He collected firewood for him : (K:) or he brought firewood to him: (S,K:) فُلَانٌ ,(TA.) You say) احتطب♥ لُهُ as also [Such a one collects firewood for, or brings firewood to, his companions, and gives them to drink]. (A, TA.) \_ Also He collected for him a thing as firewood. (TA.) \_\_\_\_\_\_, inf. n. مطبوا كُرْمَبَيرِ حطّاب, which see below, or this may be a simple subst.,] ! They cut off the \_de of their grapevine; (A;) i. e. the dry portions thereof, that and حَطَن عو were of no use but for fire. (Mgh.) It, (a place, K,) or hs, (a man, TA,) abounded with firewood. (K,\* TA.) He was, or became, lean, or meagre. (A.)

4. احطب: see 1. \_\_ Also + It (a grape-vine) attained to the time for having its صَطَب [q. v.] cut off from it: (S:) or tattained to the time of bearing grapes and for the cutting off of what required to be cut off; as also استحطب : (A:) or the latter, it required to have its upper, or uppermost, portions cut off, (K,) or somewhat of those portions. (TA.)

8. احتطب: see 1, in three places. \_\_ Also + It (rain) tore up the roots, or stems, of the trees [as though it made firewood of them]. (K.)\_\_\_ + He (a camel, TA) fed upon the small and dry parts of the branches. (K, TA.) This a camel does only by reason of soundness, and of surpassing strength. (TA.) احتطب عَلَيْه في الأُمْرِ i. q. احتقب [app. meaning + He took upon himself a burden, or a responsibility, in the affair; as though he bound it like a bundle of firewood upon his back]. (K.)

10: see 4.

Firewood; the portions of trees that are prepared for fuel: (M, A, K:) pl. أُحطُابُ. (Msb.) \_\_And hence, because enmity is kindled with it like as fire is with حَطُب [properly so called], (Har p. 209,) ; Calumny, or slander; (A, Mgh, TA;) also termed الرَّطُلُ الرَّطُلُ الرَّاطُلُ الرَّاطُلُ (TA.) The former is said to have this meaning in the Kur cxi. 4: (Mgh, TA:) or to mean thorns, which the woman there spoken of is related to have been in the habit of throwing in the way of Mohammad. (TA.) You say, يحبل 1. بَعْنَ النَّاس (S, A, K,) aor. عَرْبُ , inf. n. الحَطُبَ بَيْنَ النَّاس (جُطُبُ , meaning † He goes about