

the TA; but I think that the correct reading is كَرْنَب, as the word is written by Golius, in one place, and by Freytag; although, in the K, by the words "with damm," in the case of a quadriliteral word, is generally meant "with damm to the first and third letters"; and كَرْنَب; (K;) but it is commonly pronounced with damm [app. meaning to the first and second letters: كَرْنَب being the name now commonly given to the *brassica oleracea*, or cabbage; in Greek κρᾶμβη]: (TA:) the [vegetable also called] سَلَق [properly beet; for which, possibly, cabbage may have been mistaken]: (AHn, K:) or a species thereof, (L, K,) sweeter and more tender than the قَبِيض; of which the wild kind is bitter; and the quantity of two drachms of its roots, dried and pulverized, mixed with wine (شَرَاب), is a tried antidote against the bite of a viper. (Ibn-El-Beytār, K.) It is said, by the botanists, to be a Nabathean word, arabicized. (MF.)

كِرْنَب and كَرْنَب (K) and كِرْنَاب (so in the TA) i.q. مَجِيع (K,) which is the same as كُدَيْرَا (IAar:) Dates with milk. (T.)

كوه

كرو

See Supplement.]

كز

1. كَز, [second pers. كَزَزْتُ, (K,) aor. ُ, (MS, TA,) inf. n. كَزَاة (S, A, K) and كَزُوَّة (A, K,) It dried, or dried up; or became stiff, rigid, or tough; and contracted. (S, A, K.) You say, كَزَتْ يَدُهُ His hand became dry, or stiff, rigid, or tough, and contracted. (A.) — [Hence,] كَزَتْ عَضَاهُ † His stms were [contracted, or] near together. (A, K.) — [Hence also,] كَزَتْ نَفْسُهُ † [His soul became contracted; meaning, he became niggardly]. (A.) And كَزَتْ الرَّجُلُ † The man shrank [from giving]. (K, TA.) You say, كَزَتْ لَيْسَ يَبْتَخِرُ † [Such a one does not rejoice, or is not active, or prompt, and brisk, or cheerfully excited, to give, but he shrinks from giving]. (A, TA.) [كَزَزْتُ (q.v. infra) seems to be an inf. n. of which the verb is كَزَز, second pers. كَزَزْتُ, aor. ُ, in the sense of كَزَزْتُ as explained above.] — كَزَزَ He (a man) shrank, or became contracted, in consequence of the cold: (S:) or he became affected by what is termed كَزَزَاة (A, K:) or he became affected by a rheum. (TA.) = كَزَزَ الْبَرْدُ and كَزَزَ الدَّاءُ [The cold, and disease, made him to shrink, or become contracted, and to be affected with a tremour]. (A.) — كَزَزَ الشَّيْءُ (S, K,) aor. ُ, inf. n. كَزَز, (TA,) He made the thing narrow, or

strait. (S, K.) — كَزَزَتِ الْمَرْأَةُ دُمْلَجَهَا (A, TA,) aor. ُ, (TA,) † The woman filled her armlet with her arm. (A, TA.)

4. كَزَزَهُ اللَّهُ God smote him, or afflicted him, with what is termed كَزَزَاة. (K.)

8: see 1, in three places.

كَزَزٌ Dry, or dried up; or stiff, rigid, or tough; and contracted: (A, K:) pl. كَزَزٌ. (K.) You say, كَزَزَتْ يَدٌ A dry, or stiff, rigid, or tough, and contracted, hand. (A.) And كَزَزَتْ خَشَبَةٌ A stiff, rigid, or tough, (TA,) or hard, (A,) and crooked, piece of wood. (A, TA.) And كَزَزَتْ قَنَاةٌ A hard and crooked spear or spear-shaft. (TA.) And كَزَزَتْ قَوْسٌ A stiff, rigid, or tough, bow: (S, A, K:) or a bow whereof the arrow does not go far, by reason of the narrowness of the former: (TA:) Abou-Ziyād says, that the bow thus called is the smallest of bows: (AHn, TA:) pl. كَزَزَاتٌ. (A.) And كَزَزَتْ بَكْرَةٌ A narrow pulley-sheave, that makes a loud creaking (S, K) by reason of its narrowness. (TA.) And كَزَزَتْ ذَهَبٌ Tough gold: (A:) or very hard gold. (K.) And كَزَزَتْ جَمَلٌ A hardy, strong camel. (TA.) — كَزَزَتْ كَفًّا (S, A,) and كَزَزَتْ الْيَدَيْنِ (S, A, K,) † A niggardly man, (S, A, K,) of little beneficence, (TA,) and of little compliance: (A, TA:) pl. كَزَزَاتٌ. (S.) — كَزَزَتْ وَجْهٌ † A foul, or an ugly, face. (K.)

كَزَزٌ Hardness and crookedness in a piece of wood, or in a spear or spear-shaft. (TA.) — † Niggardliness, (K,) and littleness of compliance and of beneficence. (TA.) See 1.

كَزَزَاة (S, A, K) and كَزَزَاة (IAar, A, K,) or, accord. to Az, the latter is the correct form, and the former is vulgar, (A,) A contraction and tremour arising from cold: (A:) or a tremour arising from intense cold: (IAar, K:) or a certain disease arising from intense cold; (S, K;) being a spasmodic contraction so occasioned: or, accord. to the physicians, arising from the egress of much blood: (TA:) or a certain disease arising from cold, in consequence of which the patient trembles until he dies. (A.)

كَزَزَاة: see كَزَزَاة.

كَزَزٌ Made narrow, or strait. (S.) — A man affected by what is termed كَزَزَاة: (S, A, K:) or affected by a rheum. (TA.)

كزب

كَزَبٌ i.q. كَسَبٌ. (K.) — [Coll. gen. n., A kind of] hard trees. (K.)

كَزَبٌ Smallness and contraction of the مُشَط (or metatarsal bones) of the foot; which is a defect. (K.)

كَزَبٌ Avaricious, or niggardly, and narrow-minded. (K.)

مَكْرُوبَةٌ i.q. خَلَّاسِيَّةٌ in colour; i. e., between black and white. (K.)

كزبر

كَزْبَرَةٌ, and sometimes, [in the present day commonly,] كَزْبَرَةٌ (S, K,) Arabic, and well known, (AHn,) [but J says] I think it is arabicized, (S,) [Chald. כַּדְסָבָר, (Gol.)] One of the kinds of seeds that are used in cooking, for seasoning food; (S, K;) [coriander-seed: or the coriander-plant, accord. to the explanation of كُسْبَرَةٌ (which is said in the TA to be a dial. form of كزبرة) in the K.]

كزم

كس

See Supplement.]

كأ

1. كَأَا, aor. ُ, (S, K,) inf. n. كَأَسٌ, (TA,) He, or it, pursued, or followed, another, (S, K,) as one follows a party which he has put to flight: like كَسَعَ. (S.) — كَأَا, (K,) inf. n. كَأَسٌ, (TA,) He urged on a beast of carriage, in the track, or at the heels, of another. (K.) = كَأَا, (K,) inf. n. كَأَسٌ, (TA,) He overcame a party in litigation or the like. (K.) = كَأَا (perhaps a mistake for كَأَا, TA,) He smote a person with a sword. (K.)

مَرُّ كَأَسٌ: مِنَ اللَّيْلِ = كَأَسٌ inf. n. of 1. q.v. = A part of the night passed. (K.)

كَأَسٌ and كَأَسٌ The hinder, or latter, part of anything: pl. أَكْأَسَةٌ. (S, K.) — كَأَسٌ الشَّهْرِ — كَأَسٌ الشَّهْرِ, The latter part of the month; its last ten days, or about that period. (TA.) — كَأَسٌ فِي كَأَسِ الشَّهْرِ, and كَأَسٌ فِي كَأَسِ الشَّهْرِ, He came in the latter part, or end, of the month. (TA.) — كَأَسٌ عَلَى كَأَسِ الشَّهْرِ, and كَأَسٌ عَلَى كَأَسِ الشَّهْرِ, [in the TA written, app. by a mistake of the transcriber, عَلَى كَأَسِ الشَّهْرِ,] and كَأَسٌ عَلَى كَأَسِ الشَّهْرِ, [so in the TA,] He came, and I came to thee, at the end of the month, after the whole month had passed. (TA.) — كَأَسٌ الْقَوْمِ أَكْأَسَةٌ I came among the latter of the people. (TA.) — كَأَسٌ الْمُنْهَمِزِمِينَ — كَأَسٌ عَلَى كَأَسِ الشَّهْرِ, They went at the heels of the routed party. (TA.) — كَأَسٌ رَكِبَ كَأَسَهُ He fell upon the back of his neck, or head. (K.)

كَأَسٌ: see كَأَسٌ.

كَأَسٌ: see كَأَسٌ.

كسب

1. كَسَبَ, aor. ُ, inf. n. كَسَبٌ (S, K, MAb) and كَسَبٌ (K), He collected (wealth &c.); (S,