

كَدَّ. كَدَّ. † He fatigued his tongue with speaking and his heart with thinking. (A, L.) — كَدَّ, aor. 2, (L,) inf. n. كَدُّ, (L, K,) He exerted himself perseveringly, assiduously, constantly, or incessantly, (L, K,) in striving to do, effect, or accomplish, a thing, (L,) or in seeking [a thing]. (K.) — كَدَّ, aor. 2, (L,) inf. n. كَدُّ, (S, L,) He sought (S, L) gain, (S,) or, sustenance, or the means of subsistence. (L.) = كَدَّ, aor. 2, (L,) inf. n. كَدُّ, (S, L, K,) He pointed, or made a sign, with the finger, (S, L, K,) like as the beggar does. (S.) [It is also trans.] El-Kumeyt says,

• غَنَيْتُ فَلَمْ أَرُدُّكُمْ عِنْدَ بَغْيَةٍ •
• وَحَجَّتْ فَلَمْ أَكْدُكُمْ بِالْأَصَابِعِ •

[I was rich, and I did not repel you on an occasion of exigency; and I was in want, and I did not point at you with the fingers]. (S, L.) — كَدَّ, † Ash ye of me; for I give [only] when asked. Said by Ibn-Hubeyreh. (A [but in my copy of that work, the first word is written كَدُونِي]) = كَدَّ, [aor. 2,] † He scratched, or scraped: (L:) he scraped off a soil from a garment: (TA:) he scratched perseveringly his head, and his skin, with his nails. (A.) — كَدَّ, (TA,) [aor. 2,] inf. n. كَدُّ, (K,) † He combed his head. (K, TA.) — كَدَّ, [aor. 2,] † He (a beast) trod the ground with his hoofs. (A, L.) = كَدَّ, (aor. 2, L,) He pulled or drew it out (i. e. a solid or a fluid thing) with his hand; as also † اَكْتَدَّ. (L, K.)

2. كَدَّ He (a man) threw coarsely pounded salt (كَدِيد), one portion upon another. (L.)

4. اَكْتَدَّ and † اَكْتَدَّ † He was tenacious, or niggardly. (L, K.) See also مُكْدِدٌ.

8: see 1, and 4.

10: see 1.

R. Q. 1. كَدَّكَ, inf. n. كَدَّكَ, He ran slowly: (S, IKtt, L:) he affected a heaviness and slowness in his gait. (K.)

R. Q. 1. كَدَّكَ عَلَى الْكَدِيدِ † He ran upon the dust of the race-course. (L.)

كَدَّ [inf. n. of 1, q. v. — as a subst.] A mortar in which things are pounded, or bruised; like هَاوُنٌ, or هَاوُونٌ. (S, K.)

كَدِيدٌ and كَدِيدَةٌ see كَدِيدٌ.

كَدُوذٌ A man who toils, or works, laboriously, so as to fatigue himself. (A.) — † A she-camel whose milk is not obtained without labour, or exertion. (A.) — † بئر كَدُوذٌ † A well of which the

water is not obtained without labour, or exertion, (S, A, L, K,) and difficulty, or trouble. (TA.) — † Tenacious; niggardly: (K, but omitted in some copies:) one from whom benefits are not obtained without difficulty. (A.)

أَرْضٌ كَدِيدٌ † Ground trodden with the hoofs of horses or the like. (S, * A, * L.) — كَدِيدٌ † Fine dust, trodden with the feet: fine dust, which, if trodden, flies about: (L:) dust of a race-course. (TA.) — Coarsely pounded salt. (L, K.) [Also,] The sound of coarsely pounded salt when it is poured out, (L, K,) one portion upon another. (L.) = A low, or depressed, tract of land, (بَطْنٌ, K, or بَطِينٌ, L, as from A'Obeyd,) of wide extent, (L, K,) formed like a valley, or wider than a valley. (A'Obeyd, L.) — A rugged tract of land; (L, K;) as also † كَدِيدَةٌ, with kesr, (K,) or † كَدِيدَةٌ; (L;) so called because it fatigues him who walks upon it. (L.)

كَدَادَةٌ The cooked food which remains in the bottom of the cooking-pot, and which is drawn out (كُدَّ) with the fingers: (Az, L:) what remains in the bottom of the cooking-pot, (A, L, K,) sticking to it, after the ladling out; (L:) as also كَدَادَةٌ (L, K) and كَدَادَةٌ: (K:) or the broth, or gravy, remaining in the bottom of the cooking-pot. (S.) — Also I. q. قَسْدَةٌ, (S, L, K,) [i. e.] the dregs, or sediment, of clarified butter. (L.) — A little that remains of pasture, or herbage. (L.) See also كَدِيدَةٌ.

كَدَّكَ a word imitative of the sound made by a thing that is struck upon a hard thing. (S, L.)

اَكْتَدَّ The remains in a place of pasture which has already been eaten. (K.) See also كَدَادَةٌ and أَكْدَادٌ.

قَوْمٌ أَكْدَادٌ A quick, or swift, people: (A, S, L:) or a people composing distinct bodies, or parties, or troops; (L, art. كَتَد; and K;) as also † أَكْدَادَةٌ and أَكْدِيدٌ. (K.) See also أَكْدَادٌ.

مَكْدُوذٌ pass. part. n. of كَدَّ, q. v. — A man overcome. (L.)

مَكْدِدٌ † One who gives [only] when asked. (A.) See also كَدُوذٌ, and 1, and 4.

مَكْدِدٌ † A comb. (K.) — † An instrument for scratching or scraping. (TA.)

كدا

1. كَدَّ and كَدِيٌّ, aor. 2, inf. n. كَدُّ and كَدُوذٌ, It (a plant) was affected by the cold, and thereby made to stick to the earth: or its growth became slow by reason of want of water. (AZ, S, K.) — كَدَّ, aor. 2; (K;) and † كَدَّ, (S, K,) inf. n. تَكْدِيدَةٌ; (S;) the former the more

common; (TA;) It (cold) cast down the standing corn &c. upon the earth. (S, K.) — كَدَّ † It (herbage) was short and bud, (K,) on account of the badness of the soil. (TA.) — كَدَّتِ الْإِبِلُ, aor. 2, inf. n. كَدُّ, The camels had little hair. (TA.) = كَدِيٌّ, (K,) or كَدَّ, (L,) the former said to be of an uncommon dial., (MF,) aor. 2, It (a crow or raven) croaked roughly, as though it were vomiting. (L, K.)

2: see 1.

Q. Q. 1. كَوْدًا, (K,) inf. n. كَوْدَةٌ, (TA,) He ran in the manner called عَدُو: (K:) i. e., he hastened in his pace. (TA.) [See دَادًا.]

أَرْضٌ كَادِيَةٌ A land that produces plants slowly. (S, K.) — إِبِلٌ كَادِيَةٌ الْإِبِلُ Camels having little hair: pl. كَوَادِيٌّ. (TA.)

كُنْدَاؤٌ dial. form of كُنْتَاؤٌ. (K.) — A gross, or bulky, camel. (K.) [But perhaps كُنْدَاؤٌ is here put by a mistake of a copyist in the K for كُنْتَاؤٌ, and the meaning is a thick rope; for كُنْتَاؤٌ is said to signify thick, as an epithet applied to a rope: or the reverse may be the case in the explanation of the latter word.] It occurs again in art. كُنْد. (TA.)

كدب

كُدَّبٌ and كُدِبٌ and كُدَّبٌ and كُدَّبٌ [but the second seems to have been written, in MF's copy of the K, كُدِبٌ], coll. gen. ns., also with 3 for د, The whiteness [or white marks] on the nails of young persons: n. un. (of each of the above words, TA.) with ة: as also كُدِّيَاءٌ: (K:) but this last, says SM, I have not found in any other lexicon. (TA.) — جَاؤُوا عَلَيَّ جَاؤُوا عَلَيَّ, [Kur, xii. 18,] so accord. to the reading of Ibn-Abbás, (K,) and 'Aisheh, and El-Hasan El-Baṣree, (TA,) They brought, upon his shirt, blood inclining in colour to white; as though it were blood that had made marks upon the shirt resembling embroidery or the like: (K:) or fresh blood: or, contr. dry blood: or blood of a dingy hue: or blood changed [in colour]. (TA.)

مَكْدُونَةٌ A woman of a pure white complexion. (IAqr, K.)

كح

1. كَحَّ, aor. 2, (inf. n. كَحُّ, S,) He worked or wrought; laboured; employed himself actively; syn. سَعَى; (S, K;) and عَمِلَ: (S:) he wrought for himself good or evil: (K:) he was cager, and strove, laboured, or exerted himself, and wearied himself, in work, in the affairs relating to the present world and in those relating to the world to come: (Zj:) he toiled, or laboured hard.