

(Mṣb.) And **اطال** **النجس** **↑** *He extended, or prolonged, the time of the assembly.* (Mṣb.) And **طَوَّلَ** **للفرس**, (S, O,) or **للدابة**, (Mṣb, K,) *He slackened [or lengthened]* (S, O, Mṣb, K) *the tether, (S, O, K,) or rope, (Mṣb,) of the horse, (S, O,) or of the beast, (Mṣb, K,) in the place of pasture, (S, O, K,) or that it might pasture [more largely]: (Mṣb:) and لَهَا الطَوْلُ **↑** *اطال* and **الطويل** [signify the same]. (TA, from a trad.) And [hence] **طَوَّلَ** **لَهُ** (inf. n. as above, S) *He granted him a delay, or respite; (S, O, Mṣb, K;) said of God: (S:) and فِي المَطَاوِلَةِ **↑** *المطاوله* means **التطويل فِيهِ**; (Mṣb;) [i. e.] **طاوله** signifies *he delayed, or deferred, with him, (S, O, K, TA,) or فِي الامر* [in the affair], (S, O,) or **فِي الدَّيْنِ** [in the case of the debt] and **العِدَّة** [the promise]. (TA.) [And **طَوَّلَ عَلَيْهِ** and **تَطَوَّلَ** *He was prolix, or tedious, to him: see 2 in art. حَوْزُ*; and see an ex. of the former voce **حَوْزُ**.]**

3. **طَاوَلْتَنِي فَطَلْتَنِي** **↑** *He contended with me for superiority (Ks, O, TA) in الطَوْلُ [i. e. tallness], and also in الطَّوْلُ [i. e. beneficence, and excellence, &c.], and I exceeded him, or surpassed him, therein.* (S, O, K.) **بِكَ اطَاوِلُ** occurs in a prayer of the Prophet, and is from **الطَّوْلُ**, meaning [By means of Thee I contend for] superiority over the enemies. (O.) One says also, **طَاوَلَهُ بِالْكِبَرِ وَقَالَ** **↑** *طَاوَلَهُ* [He contended, or disputed, with him for superiority in greatness, and said, I am greater than thou]. (A in art. كبر.) [And **المطاوله فِي** **المطاوله**, occurring in the TA in art. **سبو**, means *The contending, or vying, or competing, for superiority, in highness of rank.*] — See also 2, last sentence but one.

4. **اطال** and **اطول**, as trans.: see 2, in five places. — **اطالت المرأة** *The woman brought forth tall children, (S, A, O, K,) or a tall child. (K.)* It is said in a trad., (S,) or in a prov., not a trad., (K,) but IATH declares it to be a trad., and in the trads. of the Prophet are many celebrated provs., (MF,) **إِنَّ القَصِيرَةَ قَدْ تُطِيلُ** [Verily the short woman sometimes brings forth tall children], (S, O, K,) and **وَإِنَّ الطَّوِيلَةَ قَدْ تُقْصِرُ** [and verily the tall woman sometimes brings forth short children]. (O.) — See also 1, last sentence but one. — One says also, **اطال لفرسه** *He tied his horse with the rope [or tether, called طَوْل].* (TA.)

5: see 2, last sentence: — and see also 1, last two sentences.

6. **تطاول**: see 1, former half. — Also *It became high by degrees; said of a building.* (L in art. شيد.) — And *i. q.* **تَطَالَ** or **تَطَانَل**, (S, K, TA,) meaning *He (a man, S, TA) stood upon his toes, and stretched his stature, to look at a thing: (TA:) or تَطَاوَلْتُ فِي قِيَامِي *I stretched my legs, in my standing, to look.* (O.) One says, **يَطَاوِلُ لِلْأَفْئَانِ وَيَجْتَذِبُهَا بِالْمِخْجَنِ** [He stretches himself up towards the branches, and drags them*

to him with the hooked-headed stick]. (S in art.

تطاول عليهم (حرق.) And it is said in a trad., **تطاول الربُّ بِفَضْلِهِ** *The Lord looked down upon them, or regarded them compassionately, (أشرف,) with his favour.* (O.) — Also *He made a show of الطَوْلُ [i. e. tallness], or الطَّوْلُ [i. e. beneficence, and excellence, &c.].* (TA.) — **تطاول عليه** and **↑ استطال** signify the same; (Az, S, O, Mṣb, K, TA;) *He held up his head with a show of superiority over him; (Az, TA;) [i. e. he behaved haughtily, arrogantly, overweeningly, overbearingly, domineeringly, or proudly, towards him; domineered over him; or exalted himself above him;] or he overbore, overpowered, subdued, or oppressed, him: (Mṣb:) استطال عليه is also expl. as meaning *he arrogated to himself excellence over him, syn. تَفَضَّلَ; (K, TA;) and exalted himself above him: (TA:) and استطالوا عليهم as meaning *they slew of them more than they [the latter] had slain (S, O, K) of them [the former]: (O:) and فِي عِرْضِ النَّاسِ **↑** **الاستطالة** occurs in a trad. as meaning *the contemning of men, and exalting oneself above them, and reviling them, vilifying them, or detracting from their reputation.* (TA.) One says also **تطاول بما عنده** *He exalted, or magnified, or boasted, himself in, or he boasted of, what he possessed.* (TA in art. فتح.) And **الفحل يتطاول على إبله** *The stallion [overbears, or] drives as he pleases, and repels the other stallions from, his she-camels.* (O.) — And **تطاولوا** *They vied, competed, or contended for superiority, each with the other [in الطَّوْلُ i. e. tallness, or in الطَّوْلُ i. e. beneficence, and excellence, &c.: see 3].* (TA.)***

10. **استطال**: see 1, first sentence. — Also *It extended and rose; (K, TA;) said of a crack [in a wall]; like استطار: mentioned by Th. (TA.)* [And likewise said, in the same sense, of the dawn, i. e., of the false dawn; in which case it is opposed to **استطار**: see **مُسْتَطِيل**.] — See also 6, in four places. — This verb is also used, by Z and Bq, in a trans. sense; and **استطاله**, occurring in the “Mufaṣṣal” [of Z] is expl. as meaning **عده طويلاً** [He reckoned it long, &c.]; and in like manner it is used by Es-Saʿd in the “Muṭowwal:” but this usage is on the ground of analogy [only]; for, accord. to the genuine lexical usage, it is intransitive. (TA.)

طَوَّلَ [is originally an inf. n.: (see طَال عَلَيْهِ): and, used as a simple subst.,] signifies *Beneficence; and bounty: (S, TA:) and [a benefit, a favour, a boon, or] a gift.* (Har p. 58.) — And, (O, K, TA,) as also **طَانِلٌ** and **طَانِيَةٌ**, (K, TA,) *Excellence, excess, or superabundance: and power, or ability: and wealth, or competence: and ampleness of circumstances: (O, K, TA:) and superiority, or ascendancy.* (O, TA.) One says, **لِفُلَانٍ عَلَى طَوْلٍ** *To such a one belongs excellence, or superabundance, above such a one.* (O. [And the like is said in the Mgh.]) And it is said

in the Kṛ [iv. 29], **وَمَنْ لَمْ يَسْتَطِعْ مِنْكُمْ طَوْلًا**, meaning *And such of you as is not able to obtain superabundance so that he may marry the free women, let him marry a female slave; (Mgh;) i. e. such as is not able to give the dowry of the free woman, (Mgh, O, TA,) as expl. by Zj. (Mgh, TA.)* In the phrase **طَوَّلَ الحُرَّةَ**, the former word is originally the inf. n. of the verb in **طَالَ عَلَيْهَا** meaning “he benefited her;” because, when one is able to give the dowry of the free woman, and pays it, he benefits her: or, as some of the lawyers say, this phrase means *The superabundance of the means of sustenance that suffices for the marrying of the free woman, agreeably with a saying of Az: or, as some say, طول means wealth, or competence; and the phrase is originally طَوَّلَ الحُرَّةَ, i. e. *ampleness of wealth such as supplies the means of attaining to the free woman: or originally طَوَّلَ عَلَى الحُرَّةَ, meaning *power, or ability, for the marrying of the free woman: (Mṣb:) Esh-Shaʿbe is related to have used the phrase الطَّوْلُ إِلَى الحُرَّةَ; and in like manner are IʿAb and Jābir and Saʿeed Ibn-Jubeyr. (Mgh.)* **ذِي الطَّوْلِ** in the Kṛ xl. 3 means *The Possessor of all-sufficiency, and of superabundance, or of bounty: (O:) or the Possessor of power: or of bounty, and beneficence.* (TA.) And **أُولُو الطَّوْلِ** in the Kṛ ix. 87 means *Those, of them, who are possessors of superabundance, and of opulence.* (Bd.) — See also **طَوَّلَ**, latter half, in two places.**

طَوَّلَ [is originally an inf. n.: (see 1, first sentence:) and, used as a simple subst.,] signifies *Length; and tallness, or height; contr. of عَرَضَ; (S, O, Mṣb;) or of قَصَرَ: (M, TA:) pl. اطْوَالٌ: (Mṣb:) it is in man and other animals, and in inanimate things: (TA:) in real things, or substances; and also in ideal things, or attributes, as time and the like. (Er-Rāghib, TA.)* [One says, **طَوَّلَهُ طَوَّلًا** and **بِالطَّوْلِ** *He cut it lengthwise.*] — And *The utmost extent of time.* (TA.) You say, **لَا أَكَلِمَةَ طَوْلٍ الدَّهْرِ** (S, O, TA) and **طَوَّلَ الدَّهْرَ** (S, O, K, TA,) both meaning the same, (S, O, TA,) i. e. [I will not speak to him] *during the utmost extent of time.* (K, TA.) — [In geography, *The longitude of a place: pl. as above.*] — See also **طَوَّلَ**, in two places.

طَوَّلَ *Length in the upper lip of the camel, (M, K, TA,) beyond the lower.* (M, TA.)

طَوَّلَ: see **طَوَّلَ**. — Also pl. of **طَوَّلِي**, fem. of **أَطْوَلٌ** [q. v.].

طَوَّلَ, for which **طَوَّلٌ** occurs in poetry, (S, O, K,) and **طَوَّلٌ**, for which also **طَوَّلٌ** occurs in poetry, (K,) and **طَوَّلِيَّةٌ**, (Lth, O, K,) but this is disapproved by Az, (TA,) and **تَطَوَّلَ**, (K,) *A tether; i. e. the rope that is extended for a horse or similar beast, and attached to which he*