

and أَشْرَفْتُ عَلَيْهِ signifies the same as أَشْرَفْتُ عَلَى الشَّيْءِ [app. in the first of the senses expl. in this sentence, as well as in another sense expl. in what follows]: (S, O:) and أَشْرَفُوا عَلَيْهِمْ signifies the same as أَشْرَفُوا عَلَيْهِمْ (TA.) — And اشرف على الموت He (a sick man) was, or became, on the brink, or verge, or at the point, of death. (O, K.) And اشرف به على الموت [He made him to be on the brink, or verge, or at the point, of death]. (T and K in art. ذرف.) — And أَشْرَفْتُ نَفْسَهُ عَلَى شَيْءٍ His soul was vehemently eager for a thing. (Mgh. [See also 10.]) إِشْرَافٌ signifies The being eager, and the being vehemently eager: and hence the saying, in a trad., مَنْ أَحَدَ الدُّنْيَا بِإِشْرَافٍ نَفْسٍ, [Whoso takes the enjoyments of the present world with eagerness, or vehement eagerness, of soul, he will not be blessed therein]. (TA.) — And اشرف عليه He regarded him with solicitous affection or pity or compassion. (O, K.) — [And اشرف لي He, or it, came within sight, or view, to me; or came within a commanding, or near, view of me: see an ex. voce أَجْمَدٌ; and another voce رَبًّا.] — And [hence,] اشرف لك اشرف لشيءٍ The thing became, or has become, within thy power or reach; or possible, practicable, or easy, to thee. (TA.) — See also 5, in two places.

5. اشرف, said of a man, is from الشرف (O,) and signifies صار مشرفاً [He became elevated, or exalted, in rank, condition, or estimation; or ennobled]. (K.) — اشرف به He became elevated, or exalted, in rank, condition, or estimation; or ennobled; by, or by means of, him, or it: (MA:) [or he gloried, or prided himself, by reason of it, or in it; i. e.] he reckoned it, (S,) or regarded it, (O,) as a glory or an honour [to himself], (S, O,) and a favour. (O.) — اشرف البرأء (S, O, TA,) in the K, erroneously, شرفه; (TA;) and اشرفه; (S, O, K;) and اشرفه, (K,) inf. n. اشرفه; (TA;) He (a man, S, O) ascended, or mounted, upon the elevated place of observation. (S, O, K.) And اشرف على الشيء and اشرف على الشيء signify the same as اشرفه [and اشرفه], i. e. He ascended, or mounted, upon the thing. (TA.) — It is said in a trad., with reference to certain future trials, or conflicts and factions, مَنْ (فتن) اشرف لهما تستشرفه i. e. Whoso finds a place of refuge [for escaping, or avoiding them, let them invite him, or cause him, to seek, or take, refuge, virtually meaning] let him seek, or take, refuge therein. (O, TA.)* — اشرف القوم The people, or party, had their اشرف [or eminent, or noble, men, pl. of شريف,] slain. (O, K.)

8. اشترف He, or it, stood up, or upright, or erect; (S, O, TA;) and (TA) so اشترف [if this be not a mistranscription, which I incline to think it may be as the former verb (of which see the part. n. below) is not mentioned in the K]. (K, TA.)

10. اشترف الشيء (S, O, Mgh, K,) and اشترف الشيء (Mgh in art. طمح,) He raised his eyes (S, O, Mgh, K) towards the thing, (O, K,) or to look at Bk. I.

the thing, (Mgh,) or looking at the thing, (S,) and expanded his hand over his eyebrow like as does he who shades [his eyes] from the sun. (S, O, K.) A poet says,

تَطَالْتُ وَأَسْتَشْرِفْتُهُ فَرَأَيْتَهُ
فَقُلْتُ لَهُ أَنْتَ زَيْدُ الْأَرَامِلِ

[I stretched up myself, and raised my eyes towards him, expanding my hand over my eyebrow like him who is shading his eyes from the sun; and I said to him, Art thou Zeyd-el-Aramil?]. (O.) — Hence, (TA,) أَنْ أُمْرًا نَسْتَشْرِفُ الْعَيْنَ وَالْأَذْنَ (Mgh,* O, K, TA,) in a trad. (O, TA) relating to the sheep or goat to be slaughtered as a victim on the day of sacrifice, (TA,) means We have been commanded to pay much attention to the eye and the ear, and to examine them carefully, in order that there may not be any such defect as blindness of one eye or mutilation (Mgh,* O, K, TA) of an ear: (TA:) or, (Mgh, O,) as some say, (O,) [in the K “that is,”] to seek that they be of high estimation, by being perfect (Mgh,* O, K) and sound: (Mgh, O:) or, accord. to some, it is from الشرفه signifying “the choice ones,” or “best,” of cattle; and the meaning is, we have been commanded to select them. (TA.) — And يَسْتَشْرِفُ مَعَالِيَ الْأُمُورِ † He desires, or seeks, [or raises his eye to,] the means of attaining eminence. (Mgh in art. شوف.) — اشترف إبليس means He (a man) smote their camels with the [evil] eye; syn. تَعَيَّنَهَا: (S, TA:) or he looked at them (تعيَّنَهَا) to smite them with the [evil] eye. (TA.) — اشترفه حقه He defrauded him of his right, or due. (O, K.) — See also 5: — and 8.

Q. Q. 1. شَرَفْتُ الزَّرْعَ I cut off the شَرَفَاتِ [q. v.] of the seed-produce; (S, O;) and so شَرَفْتُهُ: (O and K* in art. شرف:) of the dial. of El-Yemen: but Az doubts whether the word be with ن; and the ي and ن are both held by him to be augmentative. (O.)

شرف: see the next paragraph, near the end.

شرفه Highness, elevation, exaltation, or eminence, [in rank, condition, or estimation, in respect of religion or of worldly things: (see the first sentence of this art.):] (S, O, Mgh, K:) [generally meaning high birth:] glory, honour, dignity, or nobility; syn. مَجْدٌ: or not unless [transmitted] by ancestors: (K:) [for] accord. to ISk, شرف and مَجْدٌ may not be unless [transmitted] by ancestors; but حَسَبٌ and كَرَمٌ may be in a man though he have not ancestors [endowed therewith]: (O:) or, (K,) accord. to IDrd, (O,) it signifies highness of حَسَبٌ [which means grounds of pretension to respect or honour, consisting in any qualities (either of oneself or of one's ancestors) which are enumerated, or recounted, as causes of glorying]: (O, K:) and اشرفه signifies the same as شرف; (TA;) or the same as فضل and شرف [meaning a favour and a glory or an honour]; as in the saying, أَعَدُّ إِتْبَانَكُمْ شُرْفَةً [I reckon your coming a favour, and a glory or an honour]; (O, K;) and أَرَى ذَلِكَ شُرْفَةً [I

regard that as a favour, and a glory or an honour]: (O:) the pl. of شرف is أَشْرَافٌ, like as that of سَبَبٌ is أَسْبَابٌ. (TA.) أَشْرَافٌ شُرْفَةٌ ذَاتُ شَرَفٍ means Spoil, or booty, of high value, at which men raise their eyes, and look, or which they smite with the [evil] eye: [see اشترف إبليس:] but the phrase is also related with س. (TA. See شرف.) — See also شريف, with which, or with the pls. of which, it is said to be syn. — Also An elevated place; an eminence: (S, Mgh, O, K:) accord. to Sh, any piece of ground that overtops what is around it, whether extended or not, only about ten cubits, or five, in length, of little or much breadth in its upper surface: (TA:) pl. أَشْرَافٌ: (TA voce وَطء:) and مَشَارِفُ الأَرْضِ signifies the high, or elevated, places, or parts, of the earth or ground: (S, Mgh, K:) sing. مَشْرِفٌ, with fet-ḥ to the م and ر. (Mgh. [See also مَشْرِفٌ.]) A poet says,

آتَى النَّدَى فَلَا يُقَرَّبُ مَجْلِسِي
وَأَقْوَدُ لِلشَّرَفِ الرَّفِيعِ جِمَارِي

[I come to the assembly, and my sitting-place is not made near to the chief person or persons, and I lead to the high elevated place my ass]: he means, I have become unsound in my intellect in consequence of old age, so that no profit is gotten from my opinion, and I am not able to mount my ass from the ground, unless from a high place. (S.) — [Hence, † The brink, verge, or point, of some event of great magnitude, or of any importance: not well expl. as meaning] the being on the brink, or verge, or at the point, of some event of great importance, good or evil: (O, K:) one says in the case of good, هُوَ عَلَى شَرَفٍ مِنْ قَضَاءٍ [He is at the point of accomplishing the object of his want]: and in the case of evil, هُوَ عَلَى شَرَفٍ مِنَ الْهَلَاكِ [He is on the brink, &c., of destruction]. (O, TA.) — And † The hump of a camel. (O, K, TA.) — And app. sing. of أَشْرَافٌ in a sense expl. below: see the latter word. (TA.) — And A heat; a single run, or a run at once, to a goal, or limit: (O, K:) or, (K,) accord. to Fr, about a mile: (O, K:) or about two miles. (TA as from the K and on the authority of Fr.) One says, عَدَا شَرَفًا أَوْ شَرَفَيْنِ [He ran a heat, or two heats]: (O:) and [in like manner,] اسْتَنْتَّ شَرَفًا أَوْ شَرَفَيْنِ (O, K,) occurring in a trad., said of a mare, or of horses. (O.) — Also, (O, TA,) accord. to IAqr, (O,) A red clay or earth: and i. q. مَغْرَةٌ [i. e. red ochre]; as also شَرَفٌ: accord. to Lth, a kind of trees, having a red dye: and said to be the same as [the Pers.] دار بَرْنِيَان [i. e. دار بَرْنِيَان, meaning Brazil-wood, which is commonly called in Arabic بَعْرٌ]. (O, TA:* in the former of which, the Pers. word here mentioned is written without the points to the پ; and in the latter, الداهرنيان.)

شرفه: see the next preceding paragraph, first quarter. — Also The choice ones, or best, of مَالٌ [meaning cattle]. (S, O, K.) — The شُرْفَةُ of a [palace, or pavilion, or other building such as is called] قَصْرٌ (S, O, Mgh, K) [and of a mosque] is