

CK without teshdeed], applied to a she-camel, signify † *Long-necked*: (O, K, TA:) thus expl. by ISh: but Az thinks the latter to be the more probably correct; the neck being likened to the شِرَاع of the ship or boat, because of the height thereof. (O.)

شِرَاعِي; and its fem., with ة: see the next preceding paragraph.

شِرَاع A seller of the flax called شِرَاع. (IAar, K.)

شِرَاعٌ Entering into water [to drink]: pl. شُرُوعٌ and شُرُوعٌ: (KL:) these pls. are applied in this sense to camels. (S, K.) — [Hence,] Entering into an affair (في أمر). (Az, TA.) See شِرَاعٌ. — And sing. of شِرَاعٌ in the phrase حَيْتَانُ شِرَاعٌ, (TA,) which means *Fishes lowering their heads to drink*: (Abou-Leylā, TA:) or *raising their heads*: (K, TA:) or *directing themselves, or repairing, (شَارِعَاتُ), from the deep water to the bank, or side*: (S, TA:) and حَيْتَانُ شِرَاعٌ signifies the same: (TA:) or شِرَاعًا in the Kur vii. 163, referring to fish, means *appearing upon the surface of the water*. (Bd, Jel.)* — Also, applied to a place of alighting, or an abode, (مَنْزِلٌ), *Situate upon a road that is a thoroughfare*: and شَارِعَةٌ applied to a house (دَارٌ) signifies the same; (K;) or *having its door [opening] upon such a road*; (TA;) or *near to the road and to the people [or passengers]*: (Mgh, TA:) and دُورٌ شَارِعَةٌ houses *having their doors opening into the streets*: or دُورٌ شَوَارِعٌ, as expl. by IDrd, *houses upon one open road*. (TA.) It is said in a trad., *كَانَتْ الْاَبْوَابُ شَارِعَةً إِلَى الْمَسْجِدِ* The doors were opening towards the mosque. (TA.) — And Anything near (K, TA) to a thing, or *overlooking it*: whence شَارِعَةٌ applied to a house (دَارٌ) near to the road and to the people, as expl. above. (TA.) [Hence,] شَوَارِعٌ Stars near to setting. (K.) — [Also *Pointing directly towards a person*; applied to a spear.] One says رِمَاحٌ شَارِعَةٌ and شَوَارِعٌ (K, TA) and شِرَاعٌ as in some of the copies of the S (TA) *Spears pointing directly*: and رِمَاحٌ مَشْرُوعَةٌ and مَشْرُوعَةٌ spears directed. (K, TA.) — Also [used as a subst.] *A main road*: (S, O:) or it signifies, (Mgh, TA,) or so طَرِيقٌ شَارِعٌ, (Msb,) † *a road, or way, into which people enter* (يَسْلُكُهُ النَّاسُ), (Msb,) or *يَشْرَعُ فِيهِ النَّاسُ*, (Mgh, TA) *in common, or in general*; (Mgh, Msb, TA;) by a tropical attribution; (Mgh;) [i. e.] شَارِعٌ in this case has the meaning of مَشْرُوعٌ [or مَشْرُوعٌ فِيهِ]; (Msb;) or as meaning *ذُو شِرَاعٍ مِنَ الْخَلْقِ* [having an entering of people]: (TA:) or it signifies *a manifest, plain, or conspicuous, road or way*: (Mgh, TA:) [in the present day, شَارِعٌ commonly signifies *any great street that is a thoroughfare*:] the pl. is شَوَارِعٌ. (Msb.) — الشَّارِعُ also means *The learned man who practises what he knows and instructs others*: (K, TA:) or so الشَّارِعُ الرَّبَّانِيُّ. (O.) And hence it is applied to designate the Prophet: [or

as meaning *The legislator*: or *the announcer of the law*:] or because he made manifest and plain the religion, or religious law of God. (TA.)

أَشْرَعٌ A nose of which the end is extended (K, TA) and elevated, and long. (TA.)

مَشْرَعٌ: see شَرِيعَةٌ, in two places.

مُشْرَعٌ: see its fem., with ة, voce شَارِعٌ.

مَشْرَعَةٌ and مَشْرَعَةٌ: see شَرِيعَةٌ, in four places.

مَشْرَعٌ بَيْتٌ مُشْرَعٌ A high, or lofty, house or tent. (TA.)

مَشْرُوعٌ: see its fem., with ة, voce شَارِعٌ: — see also 1, first sentence.

شرف

1. شُرْفٌ, (S, O, Msb, K,) aor. ʔ, (K,) inf. n. شُرْفٌ (S, O, Msb, K, TA) and شُرْفَةٌ, (TA,) said of a man, (S, O, TA,) *He was, or became, high, elevated, exalted, or eminent*, (S, O, Msb, K, TA,) [in rank, condition, or estimation,] *in respect of religion or of worldly things*: (K, TA:) [generally meaning *he was high-born, or noble*:] part. n. شَرِيفٌ [q. v.]. (S, O, Msb, K, TA.) [See also شُرْفٌ, below.] — [Hence one says,] *شُرْفَتْ نَفْسُهُ عَنِ الشَّيْءِ* His soul was above the thing; *disdained, or scorned, it*. (L in art. انف.) — شُرْفَتِ النَّاقَةَ, and شُرْفَتْ, (O, K,) aor. of each ʔ, inf. n. شُرُوفٌ, (K,) reg. as of the former verb, and irreg. as of the latter, (TA,) *The she-camel was, or became, such as is termed شَارِفٌ* [q. v.]. (O, K.) — شُرْفَةٌ, aor. ʔ, (IJ, S, O, K, TA,) inf. n. شُرْفٌ, (TA,) *He overcame him, or surpassed him, in شُرْفٌ* [i. e. *highness, elevation, or eminence, of rank, condition, or estimation; or nobility*]; (IJ, S, O, K, TA;) and so شُرْفٌ عَلَيْهِ: (Z, TA:) or *he excelled him* (طَالَهُ, K, TA, in the CK [erroneously] طَاوَلَهُ), *in the grounds of pretension to respect or honour* (في الحسب). (K, TA.) See 3. — شُرْفُ الْحَائِطِ, (K, TA,) aor. ʔ, inf. n. شُرْفٌ, (TA,) *He put to the wall a شُرْفَةٌ* [q. v.]. (K, TA.) [See also 2.] — شُرْفَتِ الْأُذُنِ, and شُرْفُ الْمَنْكَبِ, aor. ʔ, (K, TA,) inf. n. شُرْفٌ, (TA,) *The ear, and in like manner the shoulder, was, or became, high*, (K, TA,) and *prominent*: or, as some say, *stood up*. (TA.) — And شُرْفٌ, [from شُرْفٌ signifying the “hump” of a camel,] (O, K,) said of a man, (O,) *He hept constantly, or continually, to the eating of the [camel’s] hump*. (O, K.)

2. شُرْفَةٌ, inf. n. تَشْرِيفٌ, *He (God) rendered him high, elevated, exalted, or eminent, [in rank, condition, or estimation; or ennobled him:]* (S, KL, PŞ:*) and *he held him, or esteemed him, to be so*. (MA, PŞ.) ISd thinks that the verb may also mean *He regarded with more, or exceeding, honour*. (TA.) [And Golius explains it as meaning *He decked with a royal garment*; on the authority of the KL; in my copy of which I find no other meaning assigned to it than the first

mentioned above.] One says, *شُرْفَ اللَّهِ الْكَعْبَةَ*, (O, K, TA,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) [*God rendered, or may God render, the Ka'abah an object of honour, or glorious,*] from الشُّرْفُ, (O, K, TA,) i. e. المَجْدُ. (TA.) [تَشْرِيفٌ is also used as a subst. properly so called; and as such is expl. by itself in this art.] — Also *He put to it شُرْفٌ* [pl. of شُرْفَةٌ, q. v.]; (O, K;) namely, his house, (K,) or a [palace, or pavilion, or other building such as is called] قَصْرٌ, &c.; inf. n. as above. (O.) [See also شُرْفُ الْحَائِطِ.] — شُرْفُ الْمَرْبَأِ, expl. in the K as syn. with اشرفه and شارفه, is a mistake for تَشْرِيفُهُ [q. v.]. (TA.) — شُرْفُ النَّاقَةِ, inf. n. as above, means *He almost severed the teats of the she-camel by binding them [tightly] with the صِرَارٌ* [q. v.]: (IAar, O, TA:) this being done for the preservation of her [stoutness of] body, and her fatness, so that burdens may be put upon her in the coming year. (TA.) — [شُرْفٌ, app. for شُرْفٌ العُنُقِ, is also said by Reiske, as mentioned by Freytag in his Lexicon, to signify *He (a camel going along) raised the neck*: but his authority for this is not stated.]

3. شَارَفَهُ, (S, O, K,) inf. n. مُشَارَفَةٌ, (TA,) *He vied with him, or contended with him for superiority, in شُرْفٌ* [i. e. *highness, elevation, or eminence, of rank, condition, or estimation; or nobility*]; (S, O, K, TA;) and *he overcame, or surpassed, him therein*. (TA.) — See also 5. — Also *He was, or became, near to it; he drew near to it, or approached it*; namely, a thing: and *he was, or became, near to attaining it*, [and in like manner شَارَفَ عَلَيْهِ, as used in the S and K in the beginning of art. بلغ, *he was, or became, at the point of reaching it, or attaining it, namely, a place,*] or of obtaining it, or getting possession of it: [and *he was, or became, at the point of experiencing it*, (See Bd in lxxviii. 14,) and *doing it*; followed by أَنْ and an aor.:] and, as some say, *he looked for it, or expected it; his mind told him of it; he looked for its coming to pass*. (TA.) See also 4, in two places.

4. اشرف It rose; or it was, or became, high or elevated; [so as to overtop, or overlook, what was around it or adjacent to it: *overtopped, surmounted, overpeered, overlooked, overhung; was, or became, protuberant, prominent, or projecting*: and *rose into view, came within sight or view, or became within a commanding, or near, view*:] said of a place [&c.]. (Msb.) One says of a piece of ground, *أَشْرَفَ عَلَى مَا حَوْلَهُ* [It rose above, or overtopped, what was around it]. (Sh, TA.) And *أَشْرَفَ لِي شُرْفٌ فَمَا زِلْتُ أَرْكُضُ حَتَّى عَلَوْتُهُ* [An eminence rose into view to me, and I ceased not to urge on my beast until I ascended, or mounted, upon it]. (TA.) — [Hence,] *أَشْرَفْتُ عَلَيْهِ* I looked upon it, or viewed it, (S, O, Msb, K,*) *from above*; (S, O, K;) [I overlooked it, or looked down upon it: and I came in sight of it: got a view of it: and got knowledge of it; became acquainted with it; or knew it: all of which meanings may be intended to be conveyed by the explanation in the Msb, which is *إِطْلَعْتُ عَلَيْهِ*:]