

خرق; (TK) and خرق, inf. n. خروق; (K) He remained in the house, or tent, not quitting it. (JK, *K.) — And خرق, aor. -, inf. n. خروق, said of a gazelle, or young gazelle, (Msb, K, TA,) when hunted, (TA,) or when overtaken by the dog, (IAar,) It was frightened, (Msb, K, TA, [in the CK, أَنْ يَفْرَقَ is erroneously put for أَنْ يَفْرَقَ]) so as to be unable to go away, (Msb,) or so as to be unable to rise, (K, TA,) and clave to the ground: (IAar, TA:) and in like manner said of a bird, (Msb, K,) it became frightened, (K,) or impatient, (TA,) so as to be unable to fly away. (K, TA.) — And hence, (Msb,) the same verb, (S, Msb, K,) with the same aor., (Msb, K,) and the same inf. n., (S, Msb, K,) said of a man, (Msb,) He became confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right course; or he became bereft of his reason or intellect, because of fear, or of shame: (S, Msb, K:) or he was confounded, perplexed, or amazed, [for يَتَهَيَّبُ in the CK, I read يَتَهَيَّبُ, as in other copies of the K and in the TA,] opening his eyes, and looking: (K, TA:) and he remained confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right course, by reason of anxiety, or of hardship, or distress. (TA.) وَقَعَ فُخْرَقَ [He fell down and clave to the ground], occurring in a trad., means he fell down dead. (TA.) — خرق, aor. -, (JK, S, Msb, K,) inf. n. خروق; (S, Msb, K;*) and خرق, aor. -, (JK, K,) [of which خرق, said in the S and Msb to be a simple subst., may be the inf. n., like as حَسَنُ is of حَسَن;] He was rough, ungentle, clumsy, or awkward, (S, Msb, K,) in doing, or making, a thing: (Msb:) and he was unskilful in work, and in the management of affairs: and he was foolish; stupid; or unsound, or deficient, in intellect or understanding: (K:) or he was ignorant: (JK:) or the latter verb signifies he knew not his work with his hand, or his handicraft. (Msb.) And خرق بالشيء He was ignorant of the thing, (K, TA,) and did it not well. (TA.)

2. خرقه, (S, Msb,) inf. n. تخريق, (Msb, K,) is similar to خرقه, but has an intensive signification; [He made holes in it; perforated it, pierced it, or bored it, in several, or many, places: he cut it so as to make holes or slits in it:] (Msb:) he rent it, or tore it, much, or in several, or many, places: (K, TA:) namely, a garment, (S, TA,) &c. (TA.) — And خرق, (TA,) inf. n. as above, (K,) + He lied much. (K, TA.) Aboo-Ja'far and Nafi' read, [in the Kur vi. 100,] وَخَرَقُوا لَهُ + [And they have very falsely attributed to Him sons and daughters]. (TA. [See also 1.]])

4. خرقه He (a man, S) caused him to be confounded, or perplexed, so that he was unable to see his right course; or caused him to be bereft of his reason, or intellect. (S, K.)

5. خرق quasi-pass. of خرق; [thus signifying It had holes made in it; became perforated, pierced, or bored, in several, or many, places: it became cut so as to have holes or slits made in it: it became rent, or torn, much, or in several, or many, places:] (S, *K:) as also انخرق; (K;) [or rather the latter, as is indicated in the

S, is quasi-pass. of خرق, and thus signifies it had a hole made in it; became perforated, pierced, or bored: it became cut so as to have a hole or slit made in it: it became rent, or torn:] and انخرق signifies the same [as the former or as the latter]: all said of a garment [&c.]: (S:) and انخرق signifies also it became wide, or expanded. (TA.) — [Hence,] انخرق في السخاء He took a wide, or an ample, range, or was profuse, in liberality, bounty, or munificence; syn. توسع. (S, K, TA.) — See also 1, in the middle of the paragraph. — And see what next follows, in two places.

7: see 5, in two places. — انخرقت الريح The wind blew [app. in any manner, (see منخرق) or] irregularly; not in one uniform manner: (TA:) [and انخرقت app. signifies the same: for you say,] بلد واسع تنخرق به الرياح [A wide country in which the winds blow, or blow irregularly]: (El-Muarriz, TA:) and انخرق أرض واسعة تنخرق فيها الرياح [app. meaning, in like manner, + A wide land in which the winds blow, &c.]. (S, K.)

8. اخترق He, or it, passed through, or over, or across. (Mgh, K, *TA.) [See also 1, in the former half of the paragraph.] He traversed, or crossed, (Mgh, TA,) a desert, (Mgh,) or a land, (TA,) not following a road. (Mgh, TA.) [+ He travelled a road: see an ex. voce ثغرة.] He made a mosque, (Mgh, TA,) and a house, (TA,) to be his way, or thoroughfare. (Mgh, TA.) Hence, اخترق الحجر He entered into the midst of the حجر [q. v.], without going around the حطيم. (Mgh.) And تخترق الخيل The horses, or horsemen, pass through the midst of the intervening spaces of the towns, or villages, and the land. (TA.) And اخترقت القوم + I stepped into the midst of the people, or party. (TA.) And تخترق الريح [The wind passes, or blows, through the trees.] (JK.) اخترق الرياح signifies + The passing [or blowing] of the winds. (S.) [See also 1, in the middle of the paragraph; and see 7.] — اخترق الكذب: see 1, in the middle of the paragraph.

12: see 5.

خرق, originally an inf. n., of 1: (S, Mgh, Msb, TA:) A hole, or perforation, (Mgh, Msb, KL,) in a garment, (S, TA,) and in a wall, (Msb, TA,) &c.: (Msb:) and a round hole, or perforation, in the ear of a sheep: (S, Msb:) pl. خروق. (S, Mgh, Msb.) Hence the saying, اتسع الخرق على الرافع [The hole was, or became, wide to the patcher]. (TA.) — And A part that has a hole made in it, or that is rent, or torn, of, or from, a thing. (TA.) — Also A desert; and so منخرق: (K:) or the former, a desert far extending, (JK, TA,) whether level or not level: and the latter, a wide desert in which the winds [blow, or] blow irregularly: (TA:) and the former, (El-Muarriz, K,) as also خرقا; (K,) signifies likewise a wide land, (K,) or a wide

country, (El-Muarriz,) in which the winds [blow, or] blow irregularly: (El-Muarriz, K: [see 7:]) ISh says, the space between El-Basrah and Hafir Abee-Moosa is a خرق, and that between En-Nibaj and Dareeyeh is a خرق: (TA:) pl. خروق. (K.) You say also خرقا خرقا A far-extending desert. (TA.) And قطعنا إلكم أرضا خرقا [We have traversed, in journeying to you, a wide land, or a wide land in which the winds blow, &c.]. (TA.) — Also A certain plant, resembling the قسط [q. v.], (JK, Ibn-'Abbád, K,) having leaves. (JK, Ibn-'Abbád.)

خرق a subst. from خرق, (S, Msb,) [or perhaps inf. n. of خرق as syn. with خرق, (see 1, last two sentences,)] and خرق, (TA,) Roughness, ungentleness, clumsiness, or awkwardness; contr. of رفق; (JK, S, *Mgh, Msb, *K, TA;) in doing, or making, a thing: (Msb:) unskilfulness in work, and in the management of affairs: foolishness; stupidity; or unsoundness, or deficiency, in intellect or understanding; as also خرقا: (K:) and ignorance. (TA.) [Hence,] نومة الخرق The sleep of [the time of morning called] the ضحى. (Har p. 223. [See also حرق and خلق.]) — The first of these words is also pl. of أخرق and of [its fem.] خرقا. (K.) — Also The she-camel's vulva. (JK.)

خرق and خريق Liberal, bountiful, munificent, or generous; (S, K;) as also مخرق: (IAar, K:) or the second signifies very liberal or bountiful &c.: (K: [so in a later part of the art.:]) or this and the first signify one who takes a wide, or an ample, range, or is profuse, in liberality or bounty &c.: (TA:) or a youth, or young man, (JK,) excellent, or elegant, in mind, manners, address, speech, person, and the like; or clever, or ingenious; with liberality, bounty, munificence, or generosity, (Lth, JK, K,) and courage: (Lth, JK:) and a goodly youth or young man, [for الفتى in the CK, I read الفتى, as in other copies of the K,] of generous disposition: (K:) the pl. (of خرق, TA) is أخرق [a pl. of pauc.] (K) and خرقا, or خرقا, (accord. to different copies of the K, [both anomalous, and perhaps it is خرقا, agreeably with analogy,]) and خروق; (K;) and the pl. of خريق is خريقون; no broken pl. of it having been heard. (T, TA.) One says also, هو متخرق الكف بالتوال [He has a liberal hand, largely beneficent]. (TA.) And هو مخروق الكف بالتوال He is liberal, bountiful, munificent, or generous. (TA. [But see مخروق below.]) — خرق is also applied to a spear, meaning + Highly esteemed or prized; excellent; or rare. (TA.)

خرق: see أخرق.

خرق [part. n. of خرق, q. v.:] A young gazelle weak in the legs, (K, TA,) cleaving to the ground, and not rising: (TA:) a gazelle, or young gazelle, (K, TA,) when hunted, (TA,) frightened, so as to be unable to rise: (K, TA:) and in like manner a bird (K, TA) frightened, (K,) or