

رَبْرًا [Look ye, for among them is a man one of whose arms is like the breast of the woman], not احدى ثدييه as some relate it, was applied to a man who had, in the place of one arm, a lump of flesh upon his shoulder-joint, which lump, when it was stretched, became equal in length to his other arm, and when it was left, returned [to its original form]. (Mgh.) Respecting ثدييه, the dim., whence the surname ذو الثدييه, he who holds ثدى to be masc. [only] says that the ة is added because the word [virtually] means اليد, [which is fem.,] for the man thus surnamed had a short arm, of the size of the ثدى, as is indicated by the fact that they also called him ذو اليديه: (S:) or, accord. to Fr, (A'Obeyd, T,) ة is added, in this instance, in the dim., though ثدى is masc., because it applies to what resembled the remains (بقية) of a ثدى, the greater part of it having gone, so that it is like لحمية and شحمية [dims. of لحمية and شحمية]: (T, M:) or the ة is added because the word is regarded in this case as meaning البضعة [the piece, or lump, of flesh]: (Mgh:) some say that it is the dim. of ثندوة; (Mgh, TA;) but this requires consideration. (Mgh.)

ثدييه: see ثدى. — Also A repository, or receptacle, (AA, K,) of the size of the fist, (AA,) in which the horseman carries the [sinews called] عقب [of which the bow-string is made, and which are bound round a bow, and round an arrow, to repair a fracture in it, (see عقب and عقب),] and the feathers [which he may require to attach to any of his arrows]. (AA, K.)

ثدا A certain plant [growing] in the desert. (S.)

ثديان A woman large in the ثديان [or breasts]: ثدى, the masc. form, is not used. (S, M.)

ثندوة, [written by some ثندوة, as well as ثندوة and ثندوة,] mentioned here in the S, and in art. ثدا: see the latter art.

ثرب

1. ثربه, aor. -, (K,) inf. n. ثرب, (TK,) [probably, in its primary sense, He stripped it of its ثرب: see 2: — and hence,] †He stripped him of his garment; namely, a sick man. (K.) — See also 2, in three places.

2. ثرب, in its primary sense, is The removing of the ثرب, i. e., the fat that forms the integument of the stomach of a ruminant: so says Z. (Har p. 17.) — And hence, †The act of blaming; reproving; and punishing, or chastising, for an offence, or a crime: (Har ubi supra:) or †severe blaming or reproving, that rends reputations, and takes away the brightness of countenances: (Z in Har ubi supra:) which last meaning it has in the Kur xii. 92: (Bd:) or لا تثريب عليكمم there means †No evil, or mischief, shall come upon you: (Zj, T:) or †your offences, or crimes, shall not be mentioned: (Th, M:) تثريب signifies †the act of blaming, or reproving; (S, Mgh;) or doing so severely, or angrily; or, with the utmost sever-

ity or harshness: the act of upbraiding, or reproaching: and the going to the utmost length in blaming or reproving: one says, لا تثريب عليك, †[No blame, &c., shall be laid on thee]: and it is from الثرب [as explained above]. (S.) You say, ثرب and ثرب and اثرب, meaning †He blamed, or reproved; or did so severely, or with the utmost severity; or reproached, or upbraided: (T:) and ثرب عليه, (S, M, K,) and ثربه; (A, K;) and ثربه, [and ثرب عليه], aor. -, (K,) inf. n. ثرب; (TK;) and اثربه; (A, K;) †he blamed him, or reproved him; upbraided him, or reproached him, (M, A, K,) with, or for, his offence, or crime; (M, K;) and reminded him thereof; (M;) he showed him his deed to be foul, abominable, or bad: (As, S:) or ثرب عليه, aor. -, signifies †he blamed him, or reproved him; and, as Suh says, ثرب عليه, †he blamed him, or reproved him, much. (Msb.) — Also †The acting ill, or corruptly; doing evil, or mischief; creating confusion, or disorder. (TA.) — It is also said in the K to be syn. with طى, which means The building [or casing a well] with stones: but [SM says,] I fear that this is a mistranscription for تثويب, with و. (TA.)

4. He (a ram) increased in his fatness: (K:) or acquired a ثرب, having increased in fatness. (TA.) — See also 2, in two places.

ثرب A thin integument of fat that covers the stomach of a ruminant and the bowels or intestines; (Lth, T, S, M, Msb, K;) the fat that is spread over the bowels, or intestines: (T:) pl. (of mult., TA) ثروب (M, K) and (of pauc., TA) اثرب, and pl. pl. اثارب. (K.) Hence, صارت الثرب كالشمس scattered; being upon one place and not upon another, towards sunset: a phrase occurring in a trad., in which it is said that when this is the case, it is forbidden to perform the afternoon-prayer: and in another trad. occurs the phrase, صارت الشمس كثراب الناقة [The sun upon the ground became like the ثرب of the she-camel]. (TA.) — And [hence,] †A land of which the stones are such as those of the حرة [q. v.], save that they are white. (L.)

ثربات (K,) or ثربات [like ثربات, with which it is nearly, or perhaps exactly, syn.], (M,) The fingers. (M, K.)

ثرباء (TA,) fem. ثرباء, (T, K,) A sheep having a large ثرب; (T, TA;) i. e. (TA) a fat sheep. (K, TA.)

ثرب †One who gives little, (K, TA,) reproaching for that which he has given. (TA.)

ثرب Upbraiding [&c.: see the verb, 2]: (M:) or acting ill, or corruptly; doing evil, or mischief; creating confusion, or disorder. (M, K.)

ثرد

1. ثرد, aor. -, (M, L,) or -, (so in one place in the TT,) inf. n. ثرد, (T, M, Mgh, L,) He broke

a dry or hollow thing: (T, Mgh, L:) he crumbled a thing, or broke it into small pieces, with his fingers. (M, L.) [Hence,] ثرد خبزاً, (S, M, A, Msb, K,) aor. -, (Msb,) inf. n. as above, (S, Msb,) He crumbled bread, or broke it into small pieces, with his fingers, (M, A, Msb, K,) then moistened it with broth, (A, Msb,) and then piled it up in the middle of a bowl: (A:) or he broke bread: (S:) and in like manner اثرد, originally اثرد; and اثرد: (S, K:) and اثرد, and اثرد, he made, or prepared, ثريد [i. e. bread crumbled &c. as above described]. (M.) — He rubbed and pressed a testicle with the hand, in lieu of castrating; (K;) inf. n. as above. (Mgh.) — See also 2. — He dipped a garment, or piece of cloth, in dye: (K:) he dyed it with saffron [&c.]. (TA from a trad.) — ثرد من المعركة, (so in a copy of the T, and in some copies of the K, and in the CK,) or ثرد, (so in some copies of the K, and in the TA,) He (a man, IAqr, T) was carried away from the place of fight wounded much but having life remaining in him. (IAqr, T, K.)

2. ثرد, (T, M, K,) inf. n. ثريد; (T, S, Mgh;) and ثرد; (K;) [ISd says,] I think that the latter is a dial. var. of the former; (M;) He killed an animal that should be slaughtered without cutting the اوداج [or external jugular veins] so as to make the blood flow; (M, K;) i. e., (TA,) he killed it with a blunt knife, so that he broke, [or tore, the flesh &c.] and did not cut so as to make the blood flow: (A, TA:) or he killed it by squeezing and pressing the اوداج, without cutting, and making the blood to flow: (Mgh:) or he killed it with a thing that did not make the blood to flow freely: or he killed it without practising the method prescribed by the law: (T:) or تشريد in slaughtering is the breaking [the bones or joints &c. of the animal] before it is cold; and this is forbidden. (S.) [See also مئرد.] — See also 1, last sentence. — And see ثرد, below.

4. [It seems that Golius found اثرد erroneously written in a copy of the S and in a copy of the K for اثرد.]

8. اثرد and اثرد: see 1, in four places.

ثرد Weak rain. (IAqr, M, K.)

ثرد (S, K) and ثرب (A) †A chapping in the lips. (S, A, K.)

ثرد: see what next follows.

ثرد مئرد Bread crumbled, or broken into small pieces, with the fingers, and then moistened with broth: (Msb:) or [simply] broken bread. (S.) — Also, the former, (T, A,) and ثرد (T, M, A, K) and ثرد (S, M, A, Msb) and ثرد (M, K) and ثرد (K accord. to the TA) and ثرد (Fr, M, K.) Bread, itself, crumbled, or broken into small pieces, with the fingers, (T, S, M, A, Msb, K,) then moistened with broth (T, A, Msb) &c., (T,) and then piled up in the middle of a bowl; (A;) generally having some flesh-meat with it: (L:) or ثرد signifies a meat, or