

man, (TA,) and of a garment, or piece of cloth. (A.) You say **ثَوْبٌ جَدِيدُ الْبَصْرِ** *A thick garment or piece of cloth.* (M.) **بَصِيرٌ**, formed by transposition, signifies the same. (§ in art. **صبر**). — **A side**: (§, M, K:) the *edge* of anything: (§, K:) formed by transposition from **صبر**. (M.) = **Cotton**: (K:) whence **بَصِيرَةٌ** signifying “an oblong piece of cotton cloth.” (TA.) = See also **بَصْرَةٌ**.

بَصْرٌ: see **بَصْرَةٌ**, in five places.

بَصْرٌ The *sense of sight*, (Lth, §,) or of the eye: (M, K:) or the *light whereby the organ [of sight] (المبصرات) perceives the things seen (الجارية)*: (Mgh:) pl. **أَبْصَارٌ**. (M, Mgh, K.) [Hence,] **صَلَاةُ الْبَصْرِ** *The prayer of sunset*: or, as some say, of *daybreak*: because performed when the darkness becomes mixed with the light: (TA:) or because performed when the stars are seen: also called **صَلَاةُ الشَّاهِدِ**: (TA in art. **شهد**;) or because performed at a time when the eyes see corporeal forms, after the intervention of darkness, or before it. (JM.) And **تَقِيَهُ بَصْرًا** *He met him when eyes saw one another*: or at the beginning of darkness, when there remained enough light for objects to be distinguished thereby: [accord. to some,] the noun is used [in the sense which it here bears] only as an adv. n. [of time]. (M.) And **رَأَيْتُهُ بَيْنَ وَبَصْرًا** *I saw him in a vacant tract of land, or of the earth, where nothing but it heard or saw me.* (A.) [See also **سَمِعَ**, in two places.] — See also **بَصِيرَةٌ**, first sentence, in four places. — Also **The eye**: [and so **بَصْرَةٌ**]; syn. **عَيْنٌ**; but of the masc. gender: (TA:) pl. as above: (Kur ii. 6, &c.) but the sing. is also used in a pl. sense [like **سَمِعَ**]. (TA in art. **سمع**.) See two exs. voce **بَصِيرَةٌ**.

بَصْرَةٌ *Soft stones*: (AA, M, Mgh;) i. q. **كَدَّانٌ**; (AA, M;) as also **بَصْرٌ** (M, Mgh) and **بَصْرٌ**; or, accord. to Zj, this last is not allowable: (Mgh) or *soft stones in which is whiteness*: (K:) or *in which is some whiteness*: (TA:) or *soft stones inclining to white*; as also **بَصْرٌ**, with **كسر** if without **ة**: (§:) [i. e. *whitish soft stones*:] or *soft white stone*; as also **بَصْرٌ** (M) and **بَصْرٌ**: (TA:) or *glistening stones*; as also **بَصْرٌ**: (Fr:) pl. **بَصَارٌ**: (M:) and *rugged ground*: (K:) or *stones of rugged ground*: (TA;) as also **بَصْرٌ** and **بَصْرٌ** and **بَصْرٌ**: (Kz, TA:) or these three words, without **ة**, signify *thick, or rough, or rugged, stone*: (K:) or the same three, *hard, or strong, and thick, or rough, or rugged, stone*: (Lh, M:) and **بَصْرَةٌ** signifies, also, *land that is as though it were a mountain of gypsum*: (Ish, L:) or *land of which the stones are gypsum*: (M, TA;) as also **بَصْرَةٌ** and **بَصْرَةٌ**; (so in a copy of the M, but accord. to the TA **بَصْرَةٌ** and **بَصْرَةٌ**;) but the last is app. an epithet: (M: [see **بَصْرَةٌ**, below; and **بَصْرَةٌ**];) also *tough clay in which is gypsum*: (TA;) and **بَصْرَةٌ** signifies *tough clay*: (M, TA:) or **بَصْرَةٌ**, (M,) or **بَصْرٌ**, (TA,) *tough and good clay, containing pebbles*. (Lh, M, TA.)

بَصْرَةٌ [in the TA, as on the authority of ISd, **بَصْرٌ**] *Good red land*. (M, K.) See also **بَصْرَةٌ**.

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أَرْضُ بَصْرَةٍ *Land in which are stones that cut the hoofs of beasts*. (TA.) See also **بَصْرَةٌ**, in two places.

بَصِيرٌ *Seeing*; i. q. **مُبْصِرٌ**; (M, K;) *contr. of ضَرِيرٌ: (§:) of the measure **فَعِيلٌ** in the sense of the measure **مُفَعِّلٌ**, (M,) or of the measure **فَاعِلٌ** [i. e. **بَاصِرٌ**]: (TA:) pl. **بَصْرَاءٌ**. (M, K.) One says, **إِنَّهُ لَبَصِيرٌ بِالْعَيْنَيْنِ** *Verily he is one who sees with the two eyes*. (Lh, M.) [Hence,] **الْبَصِيرُ**, as a name of God, *The All-seeing; He who sees all things, both what are apparent thereof and what are occult, without any organ [of vision]*. (TA.) And **The dog**: (M;) as also **بَصِيرٌ**: (Mgh:) because it is one of the most sharp-sighted of animals. (M.) — *Endowed with mental perception*; (B;) *knowing; skilful; possessing understanding, intelligence, or skill*: (§, M, A, Mgh, K:) pl. as above. (A.) One says, **أَنَا بَصِيرٌ بِهِ** *I am knowing in it, or respecting it*. (Mgh.) And **إِنَّهُ لَبَصِيرٌ بِالْأَشْيَاءِ** *Verily he is knowing, or skilful, in things*. (Lh, M.) And **رَجُلٌ بَصِيرٌ بِالْعِلْمِ** *A man knowing, or skilful, in science*. (M.) And **هُوَ مِنَ الْبَصْرَاءِ بِالْتِّجَارَةِ** *He is of those who are knowing, or skilful, in commerce*. (A.) — It is also an epithet applied to **A blind man**; (A'Obeyd, M, B;) and so **أَبُو بَصِيرٍ**: (TA in art. **عور**;) so applied as meaning *endowed with mental perception*; (B;) or as meaning *a believer*; (A'Obeyd, M;) or as an epithet of good omen: (M:) and **أَبُو بَصِيرٍ** is used as meaning *الْأَعْمَى [the weak-sighted, &c.]* for this last reason. (M.) = See also **بَصِيرَةٌ**.*

بَصِيرَةٌ *Mental perception; the perceptive faculty of the mind*; as also **بَصْرٌ**: (B:) *knowledge*; (Mgh;) as also **بَصْرٌ** (§, Mgh) and **اسْتِبْصَارٌ**: (Mgh:) *understanding; intelligence; skill*: (M, K:) **الْبَصِيرَةُ** signifies **الاسْتِبْصَارُ فِي الشَّيْءِ** [which implies all the meanings above: see 10]: (§:) and **بَصْرٌ الْقَلْبِ** [in like manner] signifies *mental perception or vision or view; idea, or opinion, occurring to the mind*: (M, K:) the pl. of **بَصِيرَةٌ** is **بَصَائِرٌ**; (M, B;) and the pl. of **بَصْرٌ**, as syn. therewith, **أَبْصَارٌ**. (B.) [Sometimes it is opposed to **بَصْرٌ**, as in the first and second of the following exs.] **عَمَى الْأَبْصَارِ أَهْوَنُ مِنْ عَمَى الْبَصَائِرِ** [*Blindness of the eyes is a lighter thing than blindness of the perceptive faculties of the mind*]. (A.) When Mo'awiyeh said to Ibn-'Abbás, **يَا بَنِي هَاشِمٍ تُصَابُونَ فِي أَبْصَارِكُمْ** [*O sons of Hashim, ye are afflicted in your eyes*], the latter replied, **وَأَنْتُمْ يَا بَنِي أُمَيَّةٍ تُصَابُونَ فِي بَصَائِرِكُمْ** [*And ye, O sons of Umeiyeh, are afflicted in your perceptive faculties of the mind*]. (M.) And the Arabs say, **أَعْمَى اللَّهُ بَصَائِرَهُ** *May God blind his faculties of understanding!* And one

says, **لَهُ فِرَاسَةٌ ذَاتُ بَصِيرَةٍ**, and **بَصَائِرٌ**, *He possesses true intuitive perception*. (A.) And **رَأَيْتُ عَلَيْكَ ذَاتَ الْبَصَائِرِ** [I saw impressed upon thee the signs of perceptive faculties of the mind]. (A.) — Also **Belief, or firm belief, of the heart, or mind**. (M, K.) And **عَلَى بَصِيرَةٍ** *According to, or agreeably with, knowledge and assurance*: (TA:) and *purposely; intentionally*. (M, TA.) And **عَلَى غَيْرِ بَصِيرَةٍ** *Without certainty*. (M, TA.) — *Constancy, or firmness, in religion*. (TA.) — *An evidence, a testimony, a proof, an argument, or the like*; as also **مَبْصُرَةٌ** (§, K) and **مُبْصَرٌ**. (K.) — [And hence,] **Blood**, (M,) or *somewhat thereof*, (As, §, K,) *by which one is directed to an animal that has been shot, or to the knowledge thereof*: (As, AA, §, M, K:) or *blood upon the ground*; (AZ, §;) *what sticks upon the ground, not upon the body*: (M:) *what adheres to the body is termed جَدِيَّةٌ: (AZ, §:) or *a portion of blood of the size of a dirhem*: (TA:) or *what is of a round form, like a shield*: or *what is of an oblong form*: or *what is of the size of the فَرْسِنِ [or foot] of the camel*: in all these explanations, blood being meant: or *blood not flowing*: or *what flows thereof at one single time*: (M:) or *a portion of blood that glistens*: (B:) and (as some say, M) *the blood of a virgin*: (M, K:) and *blood-revenge*: and *a fine for homicide*: (TA:) pl. **بَصَائِرٌ**, as above: (§, M:) and **بَصِيرٌ**, which occurs in a verse cited by AHn, may also be a pl. of **بَصِيرَةٌ**, applied to blood, [or rather a coll. gen. n., of which **بَصِيرَةٌ** is the n. un.,] like **شَعِيرٌ** is of **شَعِيرَةٌ**; or it may be for **بَصِيرَةٌ**, the **ة** being elided by poetic license; or it may be a dial. var. of **بَصِيرَةٌ**, like as one says **بَيَاضٌ** and **بَيَاضَةٌ**. (M.) El-As'ar El-Joafee says,*

رَأَوْا بَصَائِرَهُمْ عَلَى أَكْتَافِهِمْ *
وَبَصِيرَتِي يَعْذُو بِهَا عَدُوِّ وَأَي *

[*They went with their blood upon their shoulder-blades; but my blood, a ready and swift and strong horse runs with it*]; meaning, they neglected the blood of their father, and left it behind them; i. e., they did not take revenge for it; but I have sought my blood-revenge: (§, M:*) but see another explanation in what follows. (§. [See also Ham p. 59.]) — **أَشْهَادٌ**: (Lh, §, M, Mgh, K:) *an observer and a witness*. (A.) **بَلِ الْإِنْسَانُ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ بَصِيرَةٌ**, in the Kur [lxxv. 14], means *Nay, the man shall be witness against himself*: (§, Mgh:) or it means that his arms, or hands, and his legs, or feet, and his tongue, shall be witnesses against him on the day of resurrection: (M:) Akh says that it is like the saying to a man, **أَنْتَ حَجَّةٌ عَلَى نَفْسِكَ**: (§:) the **ة** is added because the members are meant thereby; (B;) or to give intensiveness to the signification, (Mgh, B,) as in **عَلَامَةٌ** and **رَاوِيَةٌ**: (B;) or because the meaning is **بَصِيرَةٌ**. (Mgh.) You say also, **أَجْعَلْنِي بَصِيرَةً عَلَيْهِمْ** *Make thou me an observer of them and a witness against them*. (Lh, M, A.) — **An example by which one is admonished**: (K:) pl. **بَصَائِرٌ**; which is said to be used agreeably with this interpretation